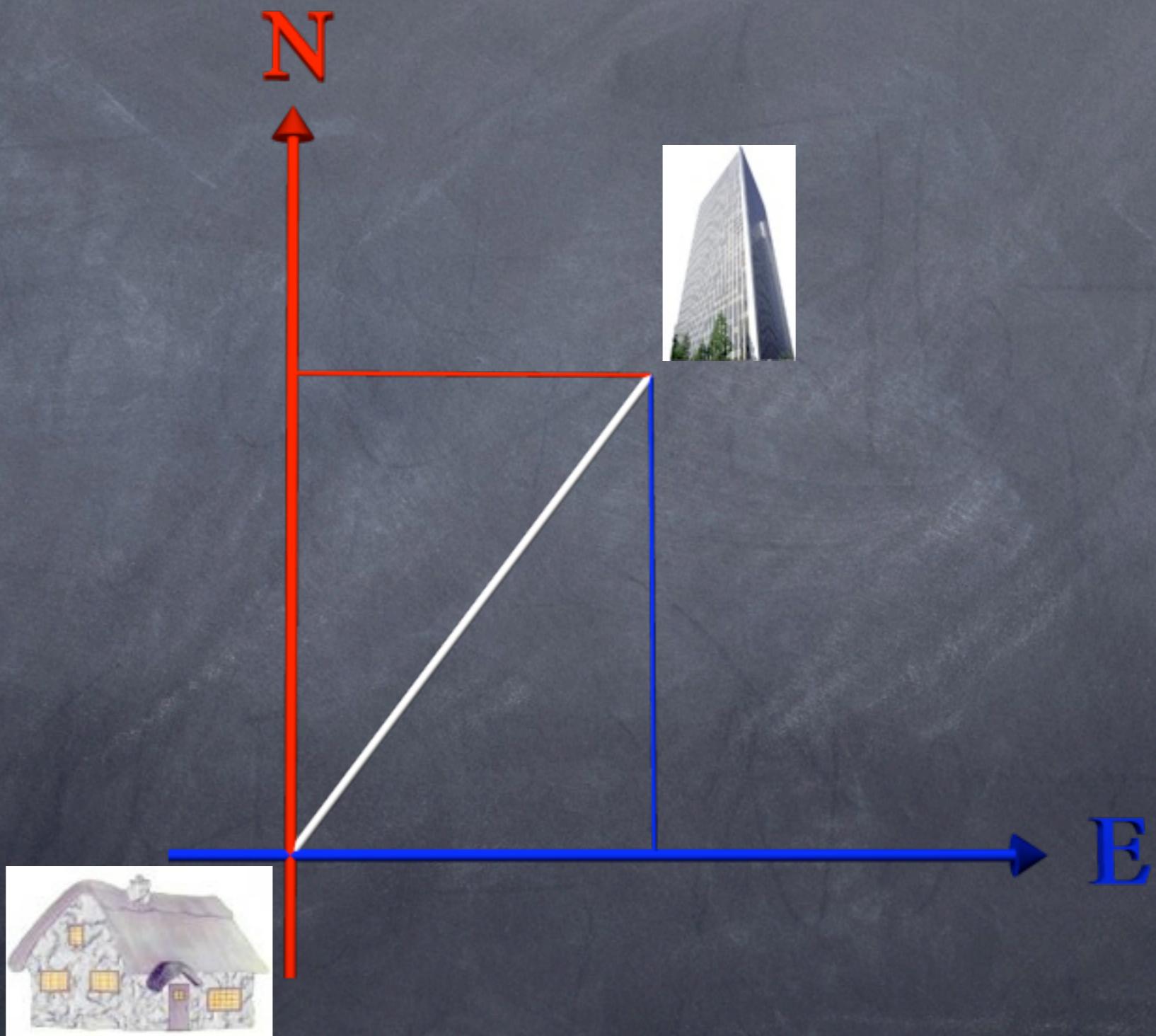
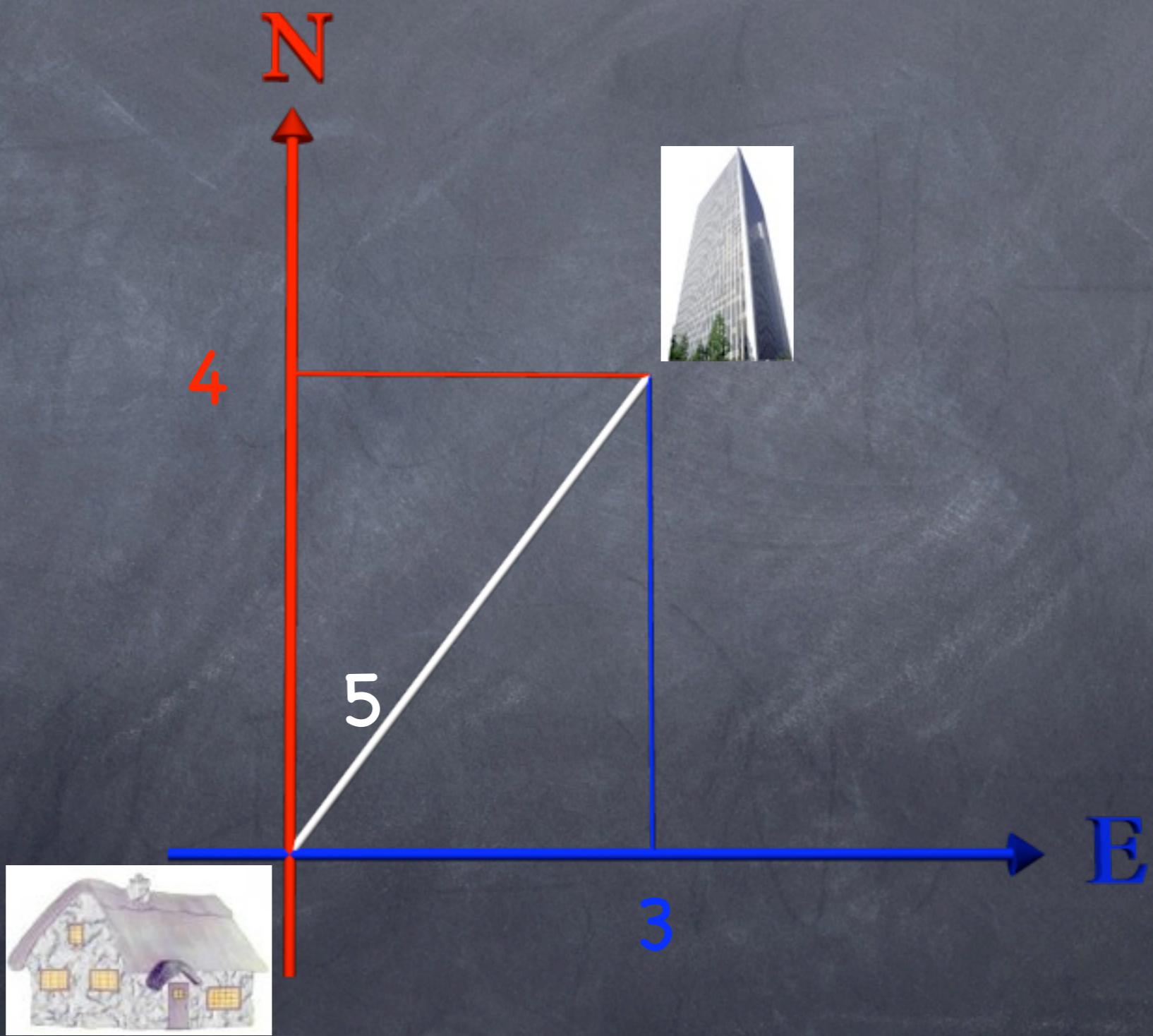


Chapter 9: Symmetry

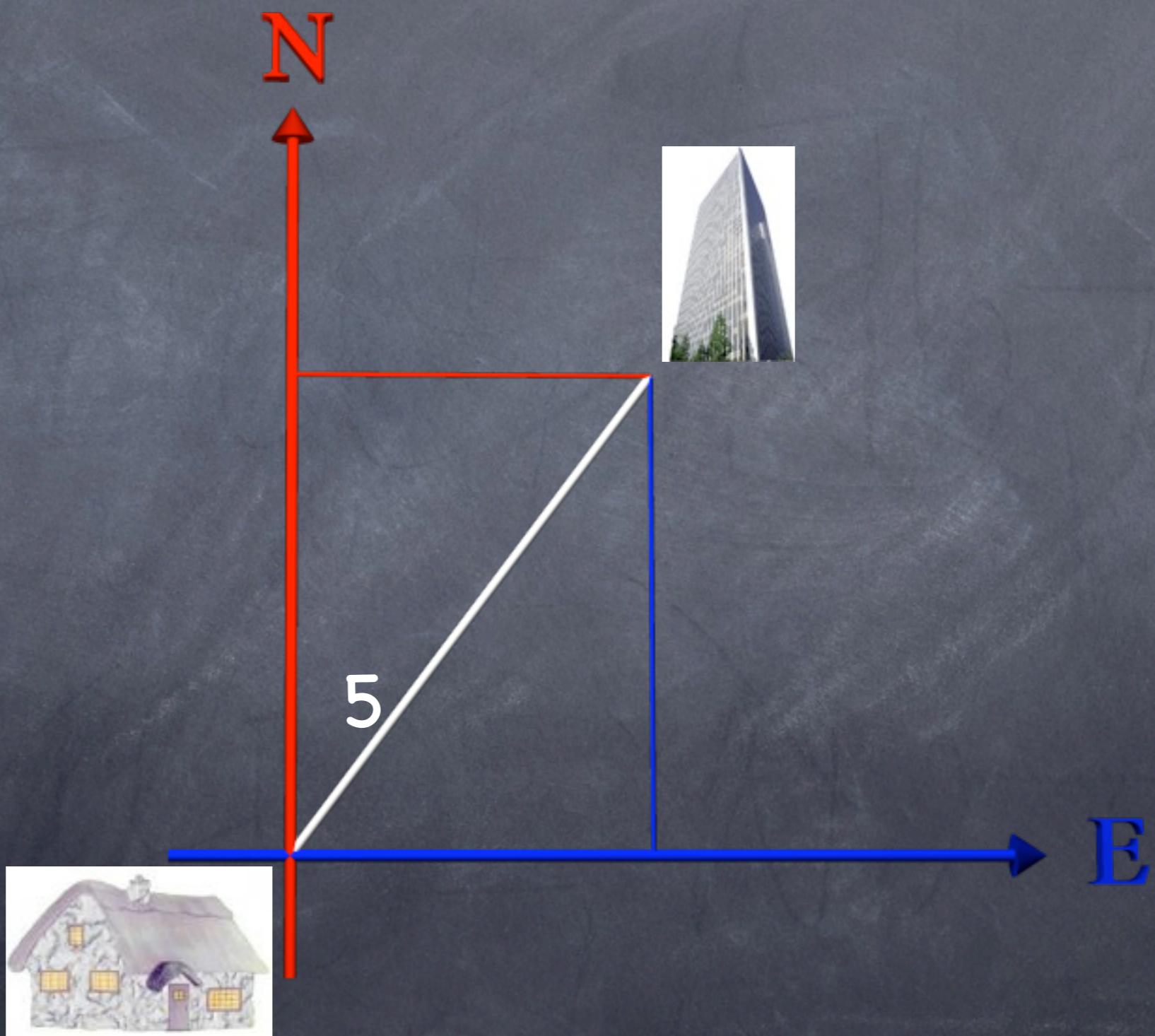
Rotations



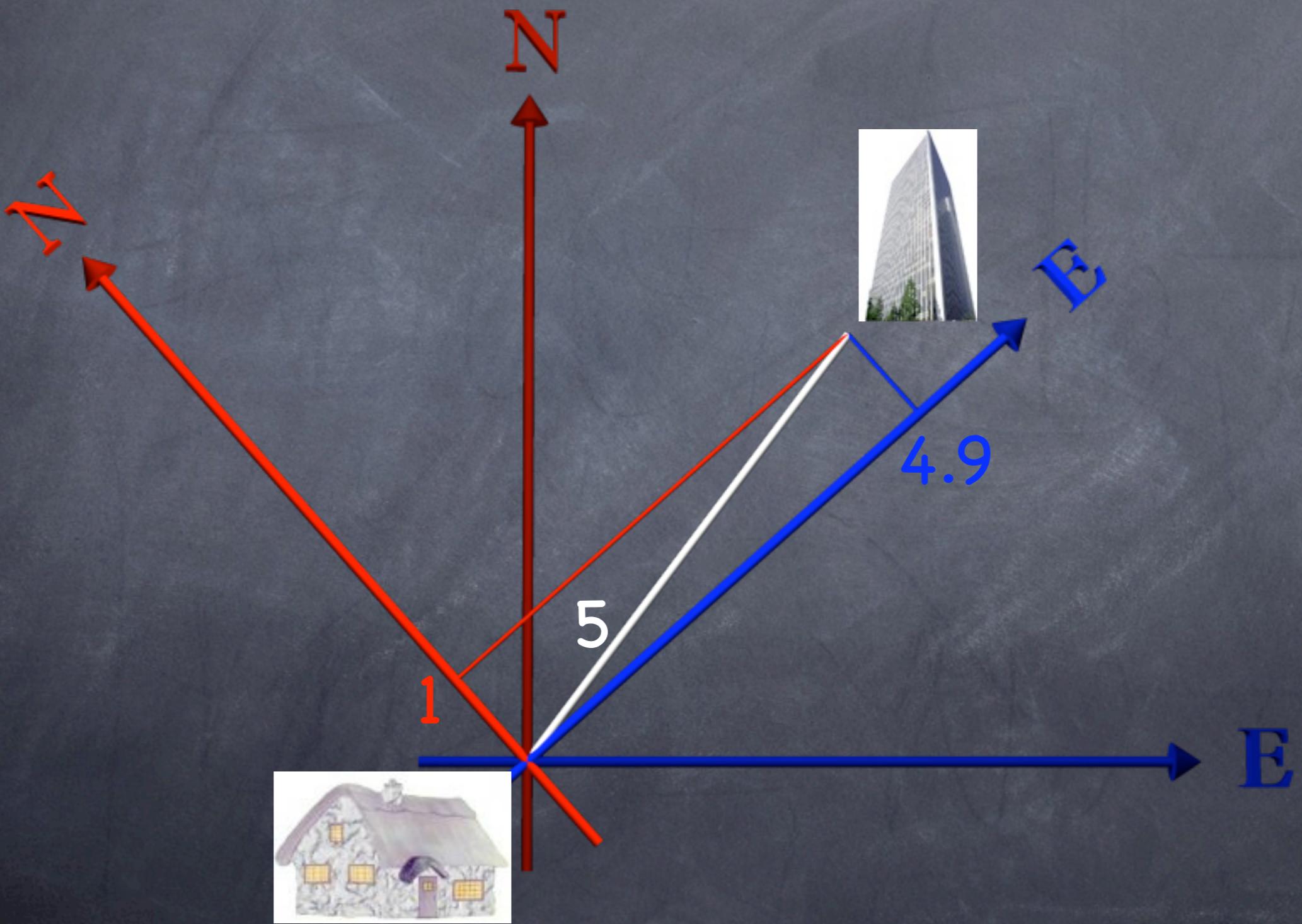
Rotations



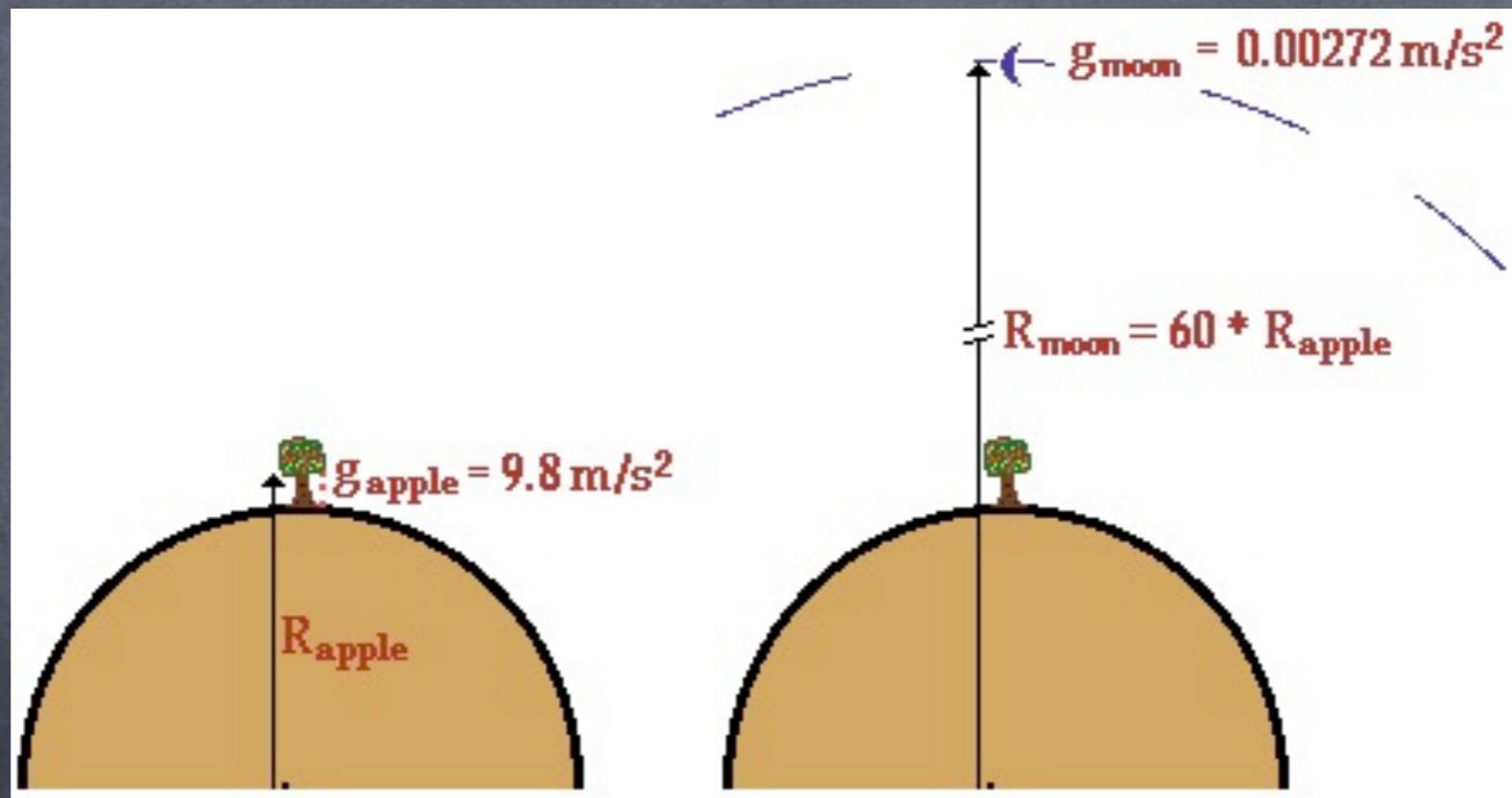
Rotations



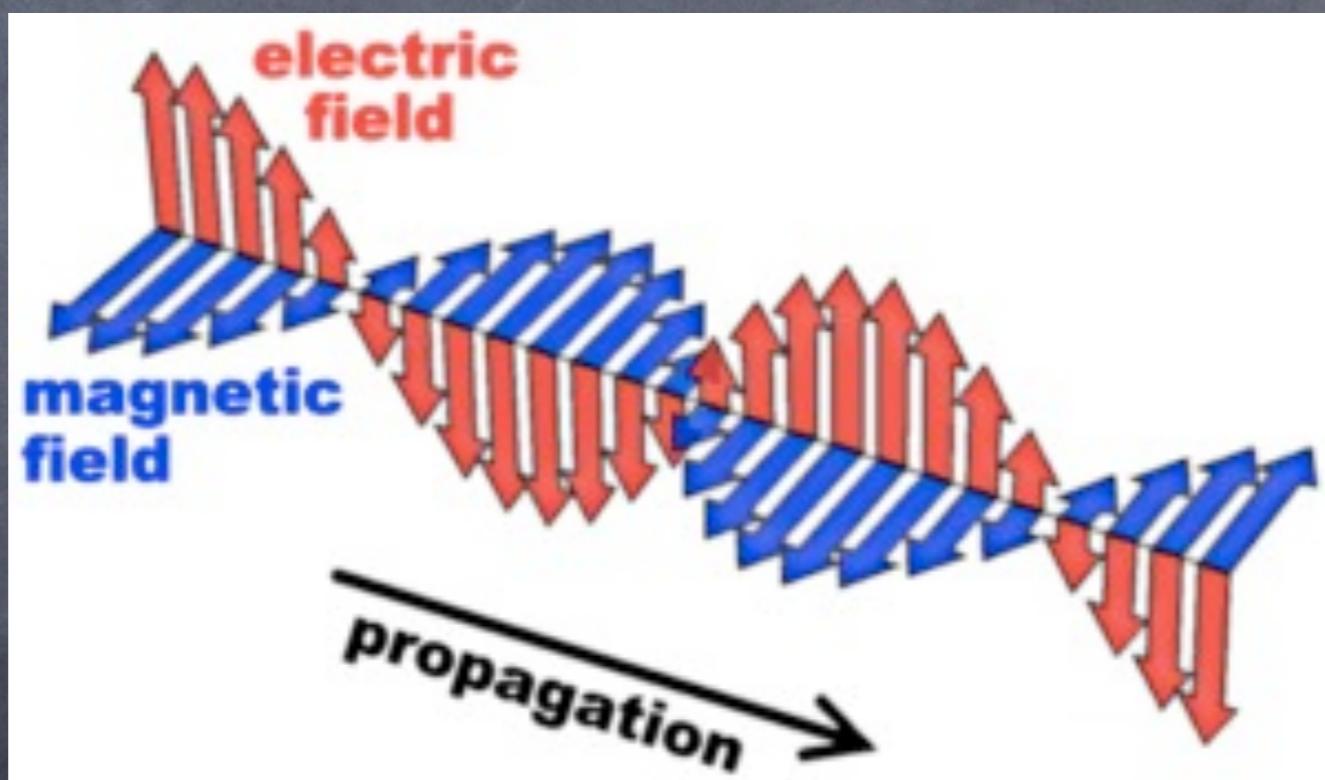
Rotations



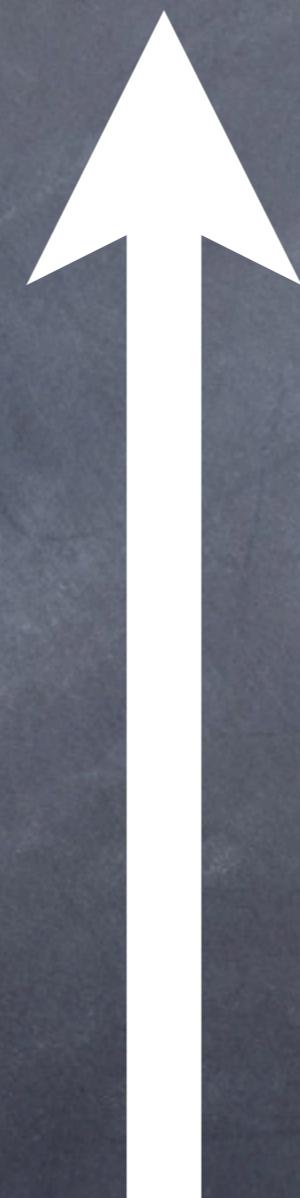
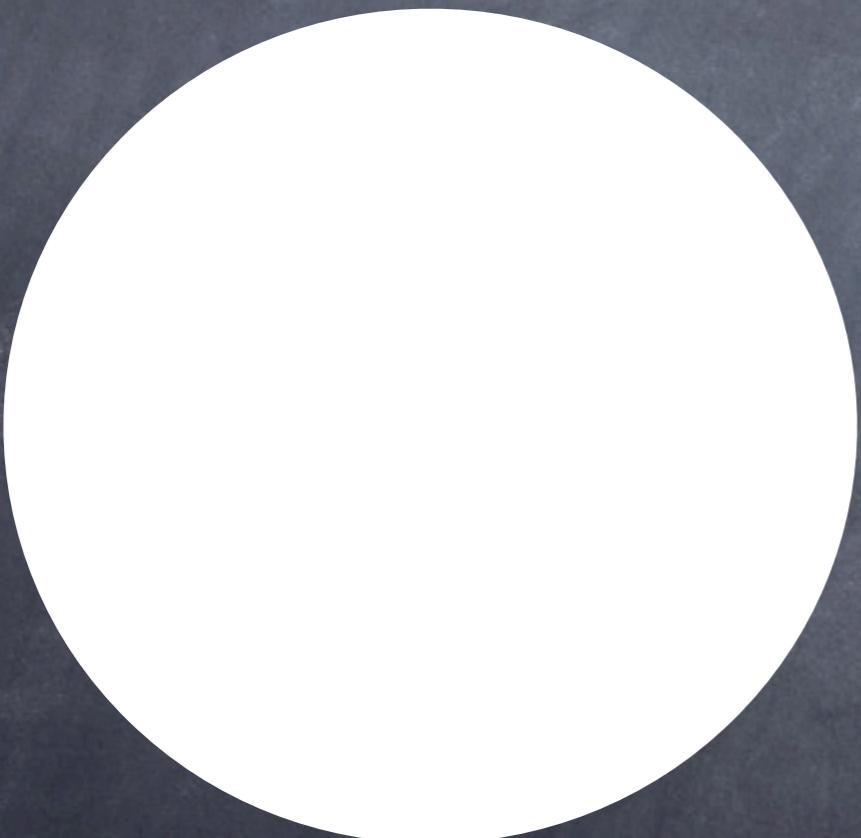
Translational and Rotational Symmetry



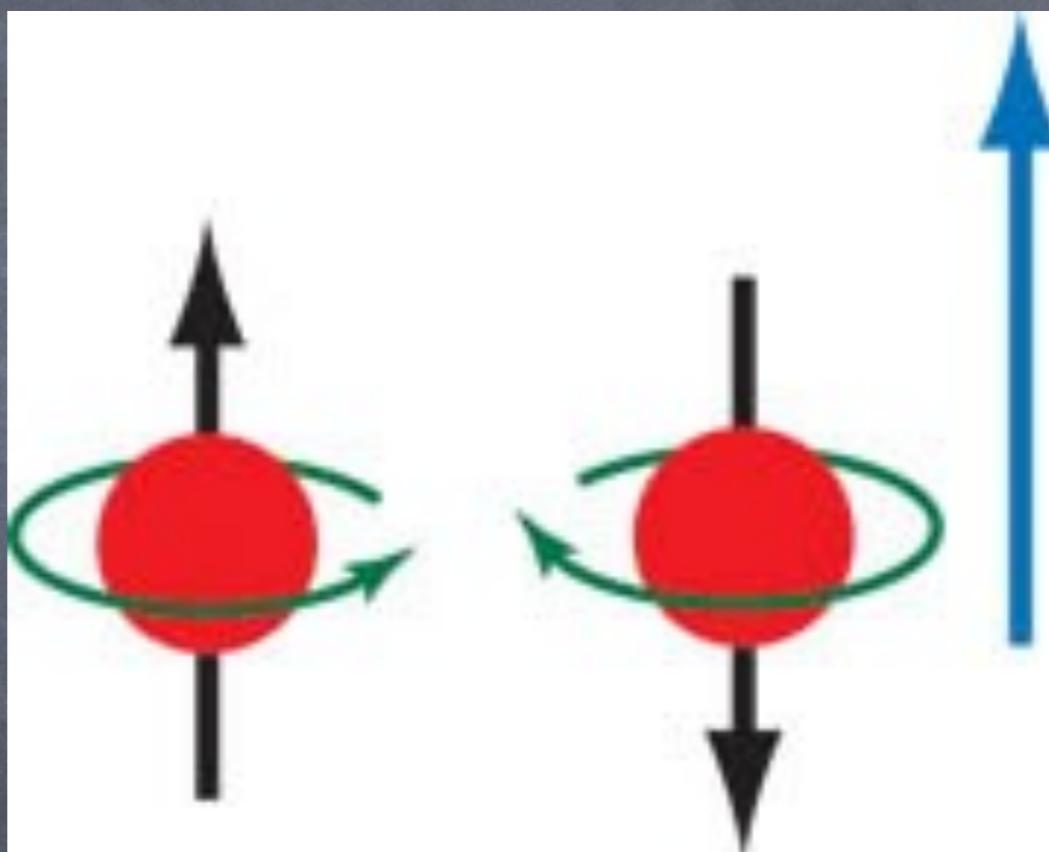
Light Wave



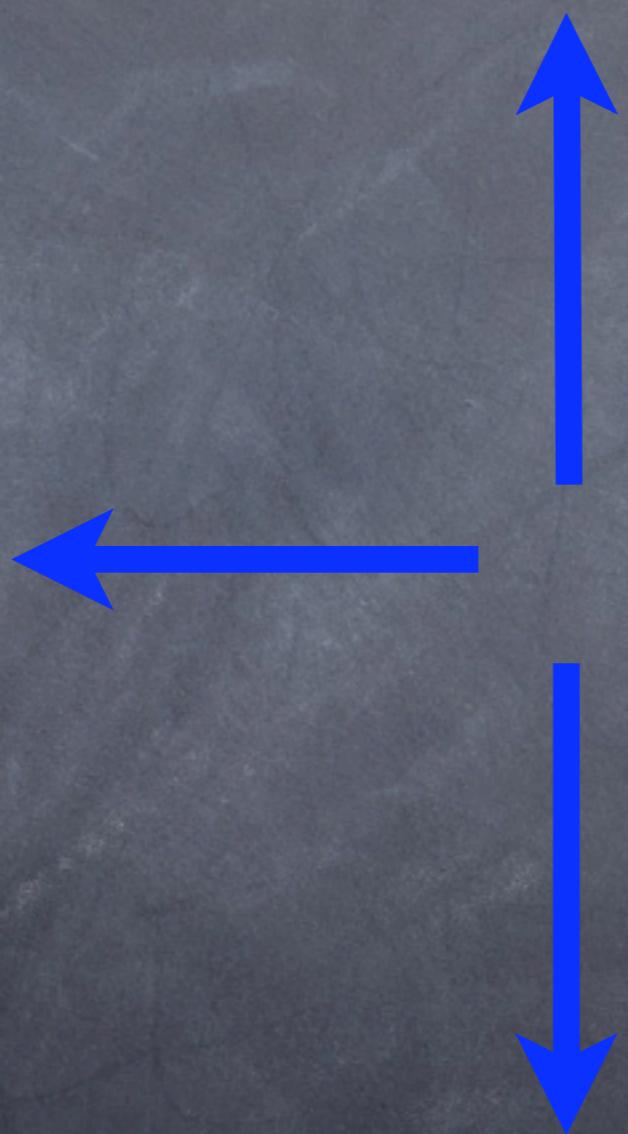
Quantum Spin



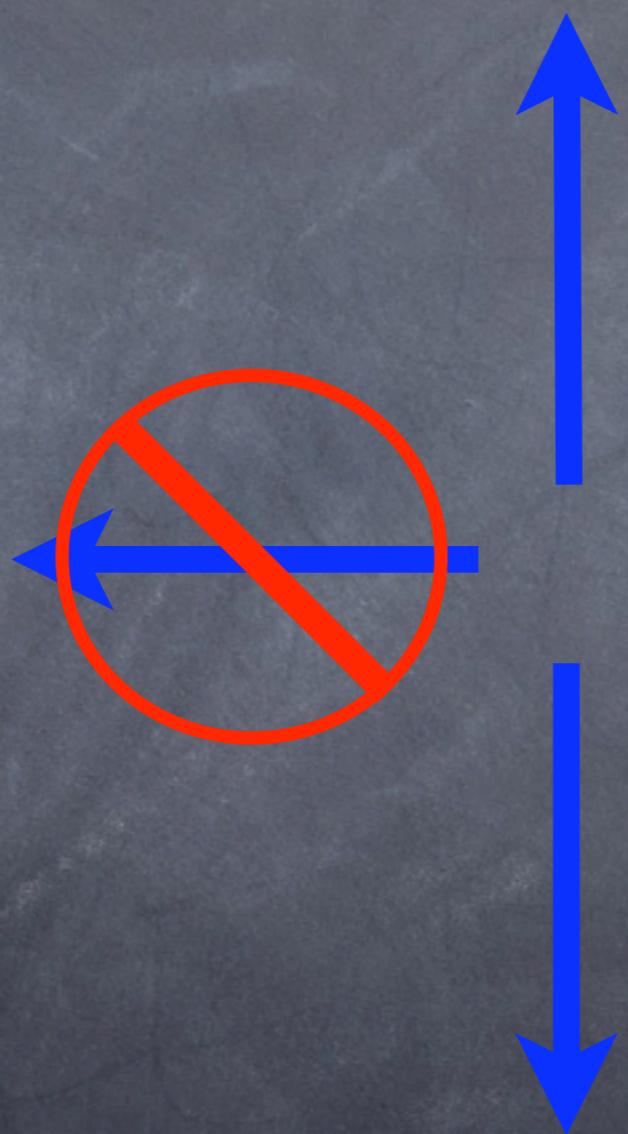
Photon Spin



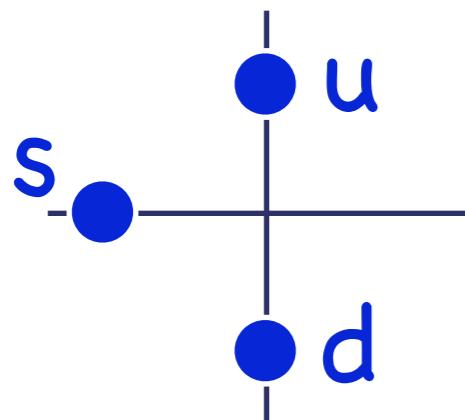
Massive Spin 1 at Rest



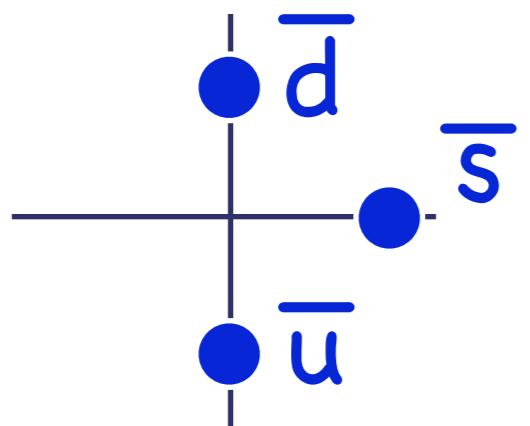
Gauge Symmetry



SU(3) Flavor

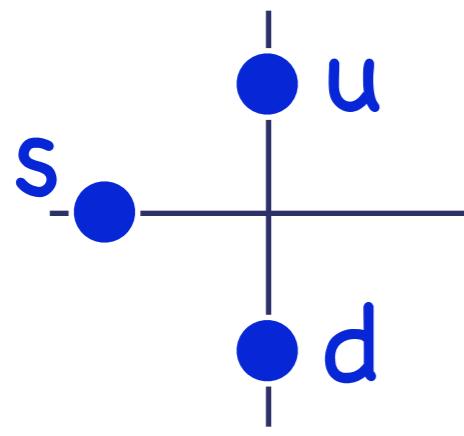


quarks

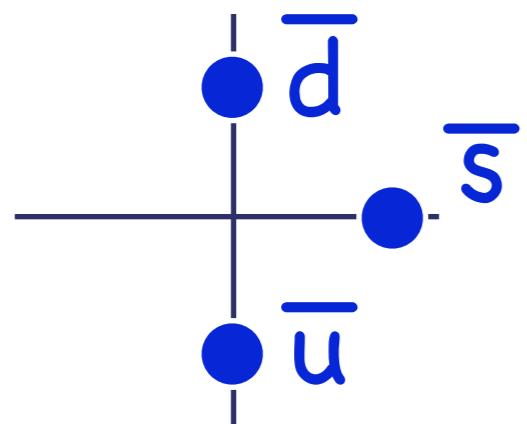


antiquarks

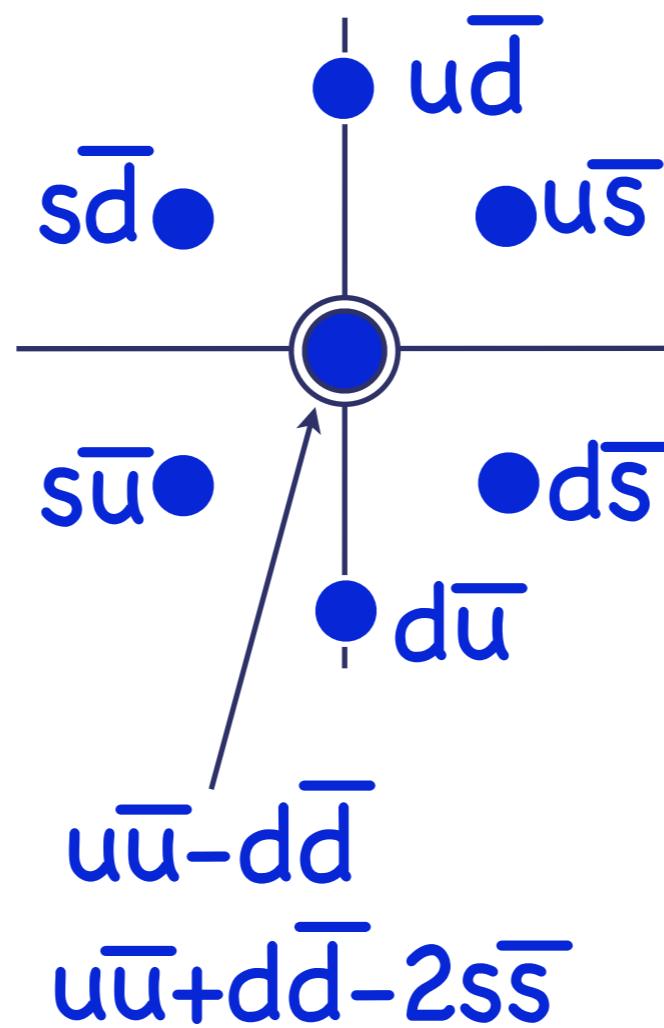
SU(3) Flavor



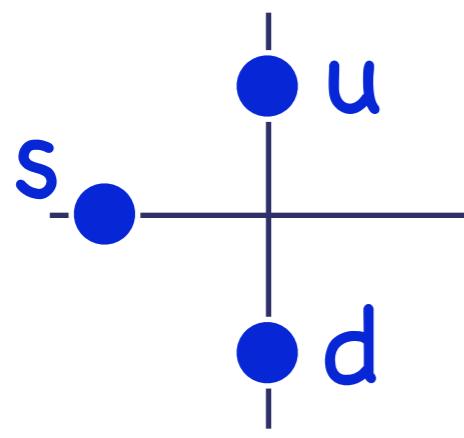
quarks



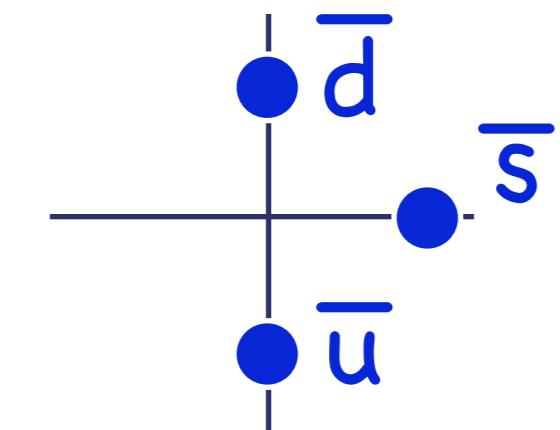
antiquarks



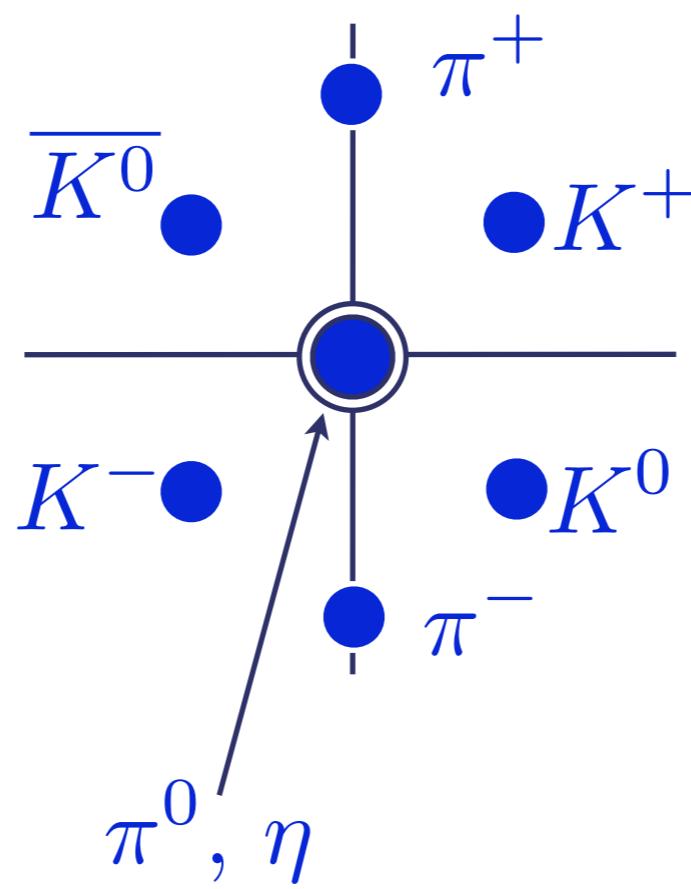
SU(3) Flavor



quarks

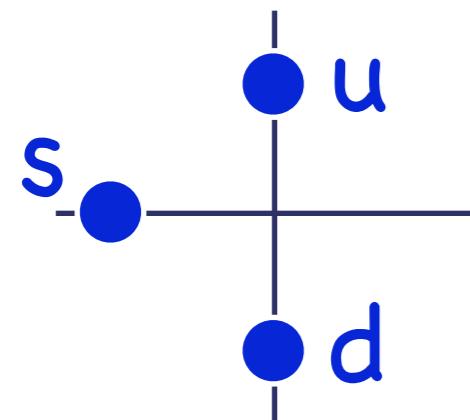


antiquarks

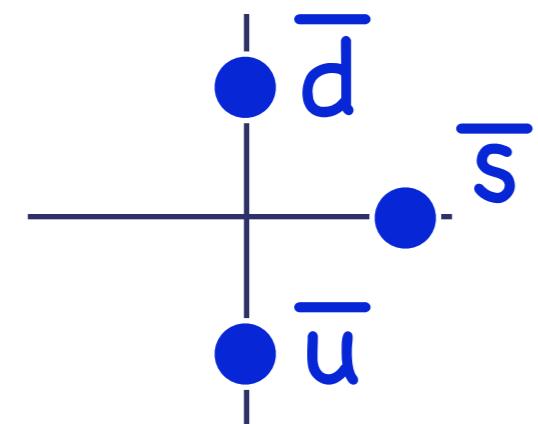


mesons

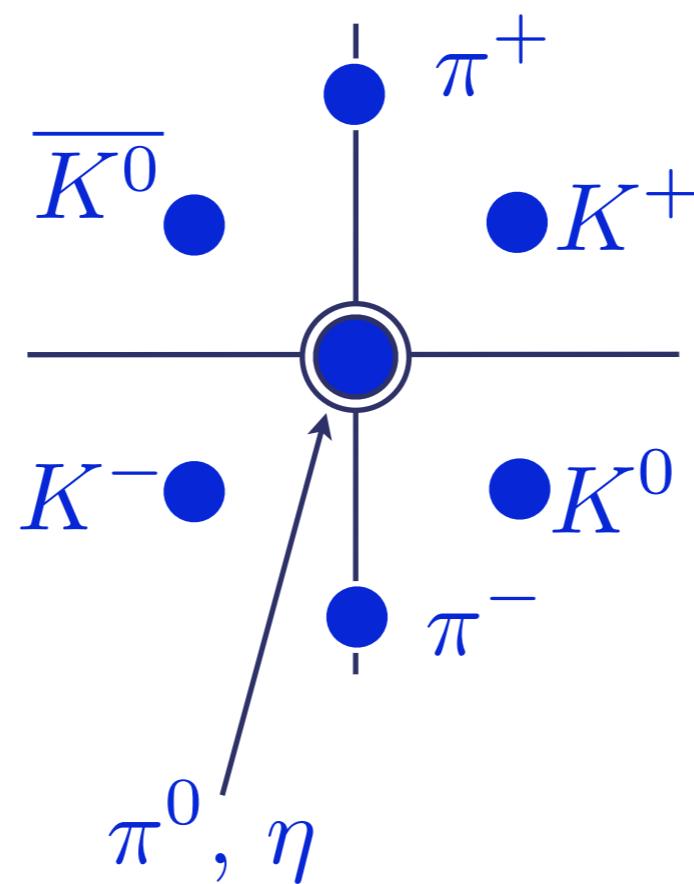
SU(3) Flavor



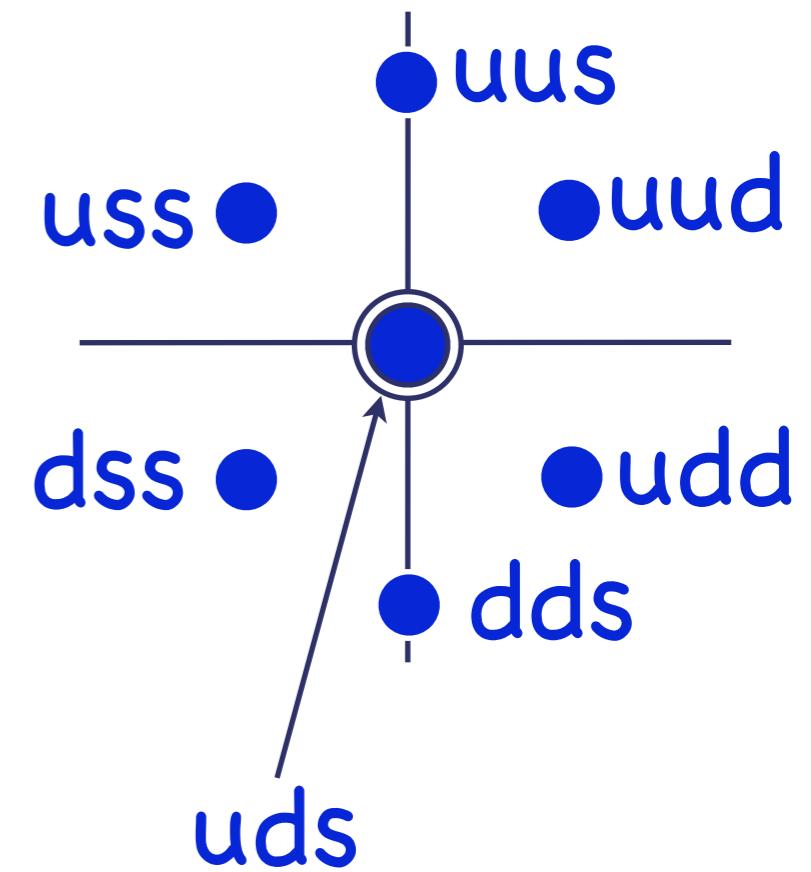
quarks



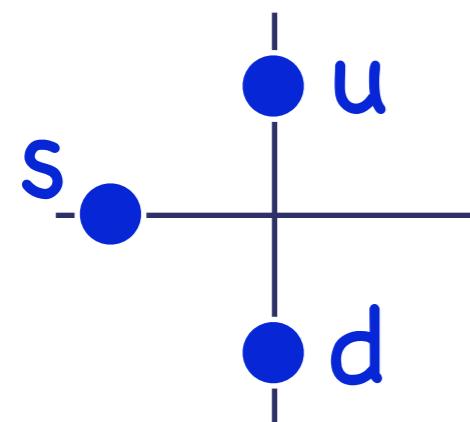
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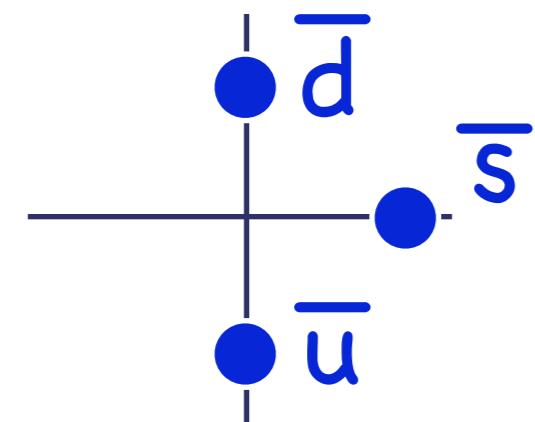
mesons



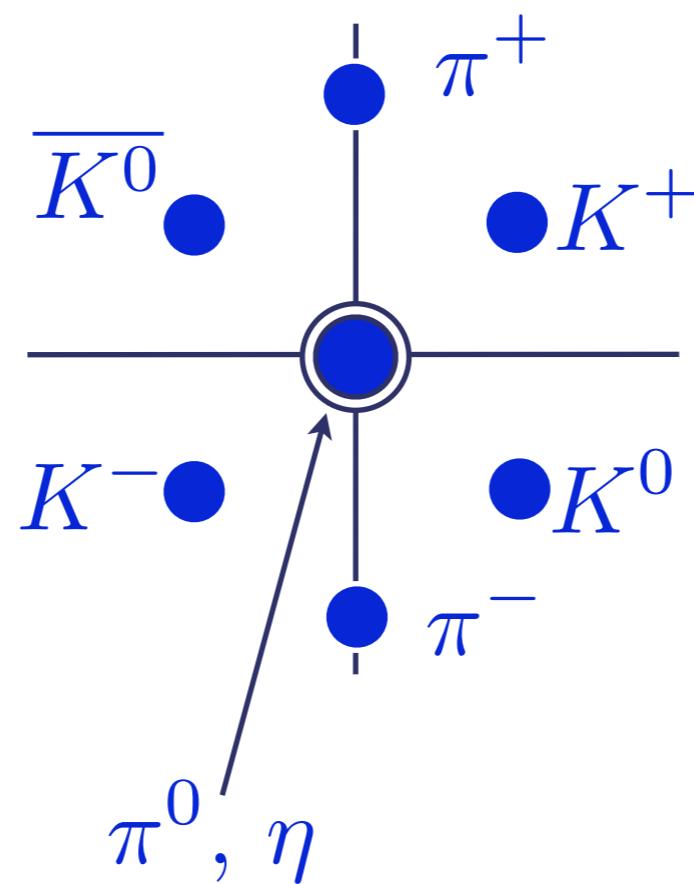
SU(3) Flavor



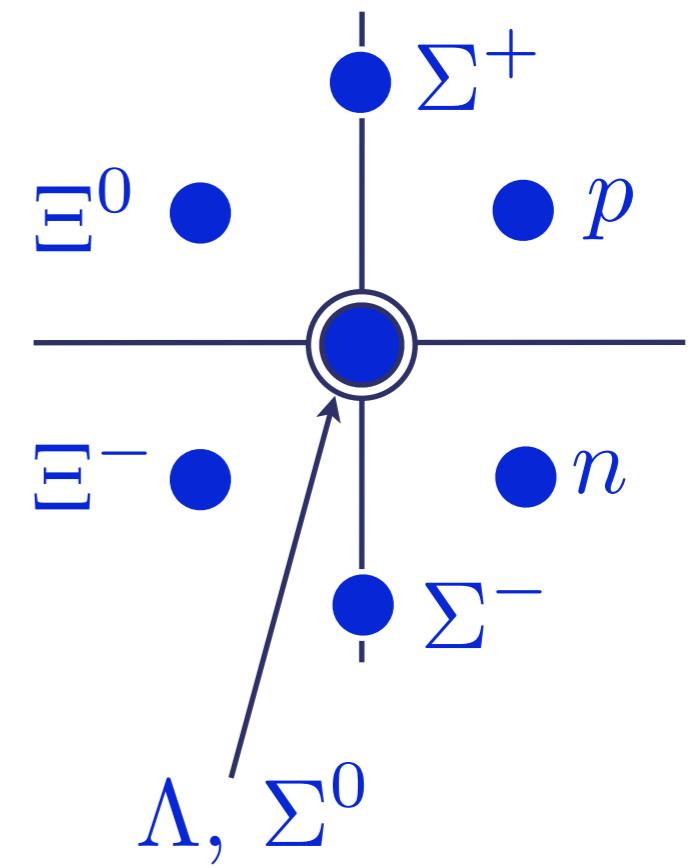
quarks



antiquarks

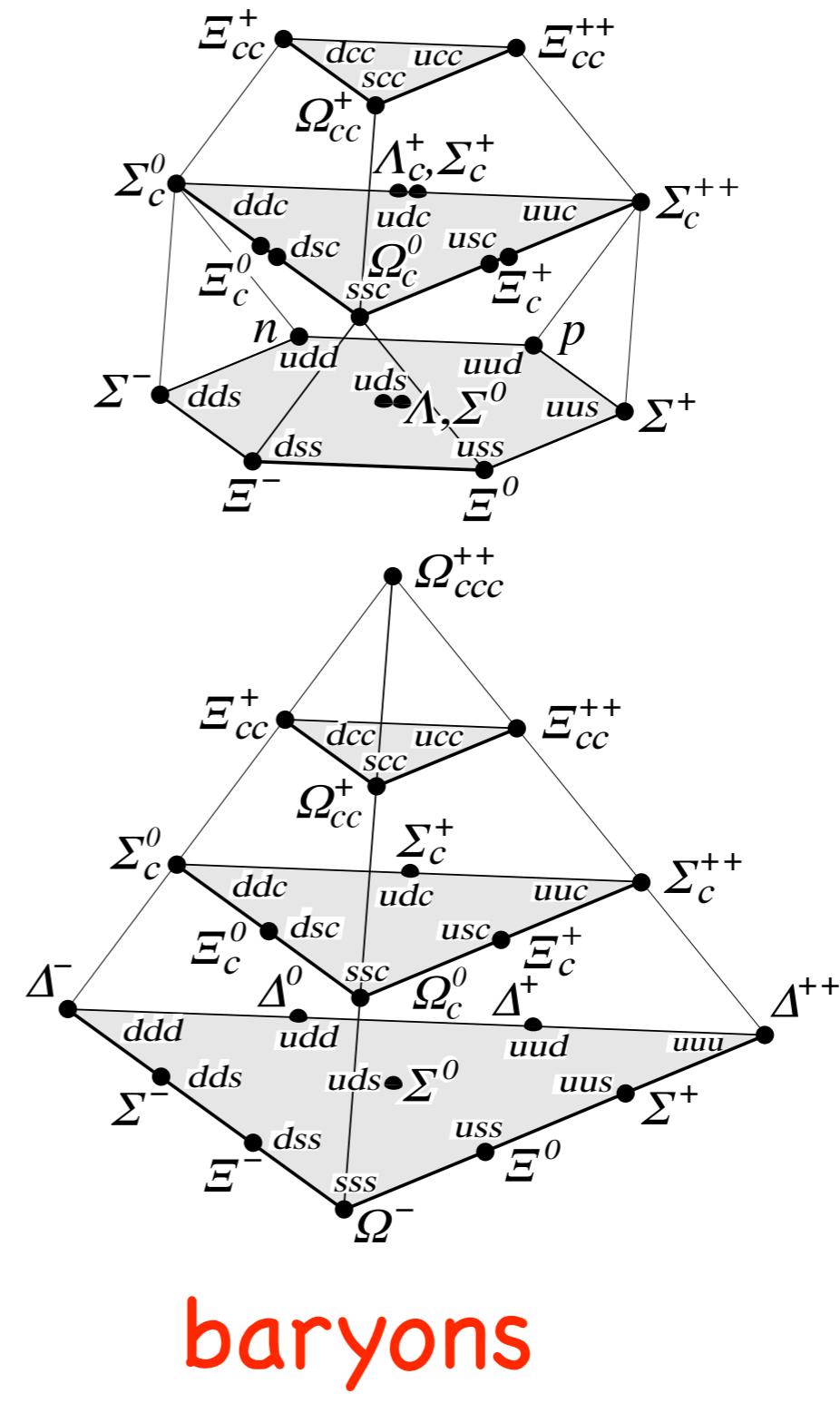
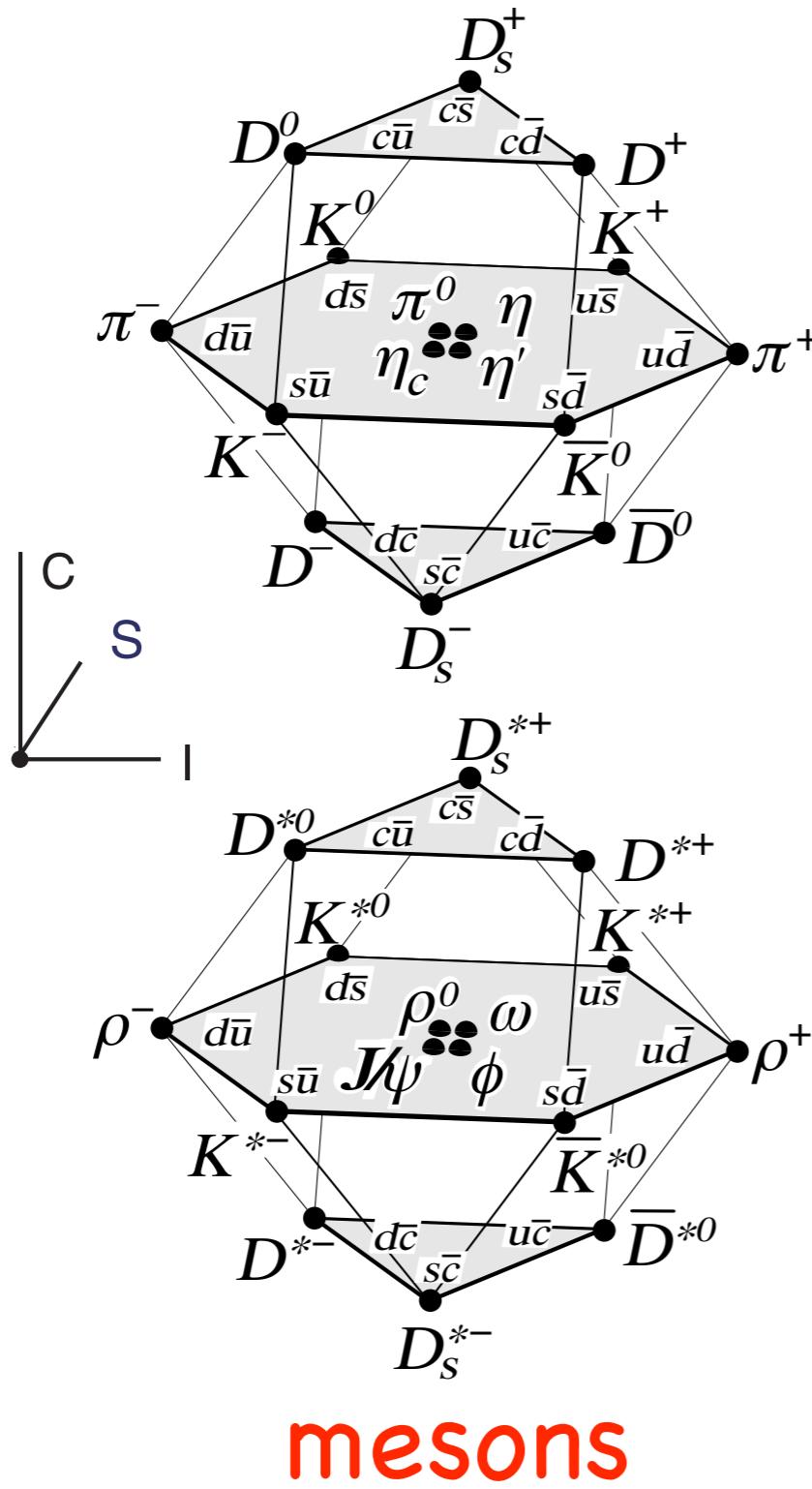


mesons



baryons

4 Flavors



QED Potential

1/r potential:

Fourier
Transform

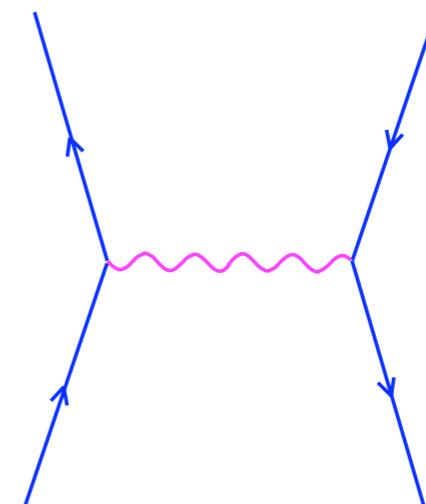
$$J^\mu(x) \frac{e^2}{|x - y|} J_\mu(y) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad J^\mu \frac{e^2}{q^2} J_\mu$$

QED Potential

1/r potential:

Fourier
Transform

$$J^\mu(x) \frac{e^2}{|x - y|} J_\mu(y) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad J^\mu \frac{e^2}{q^2} J_\mu$$



elastic scattering amplitude

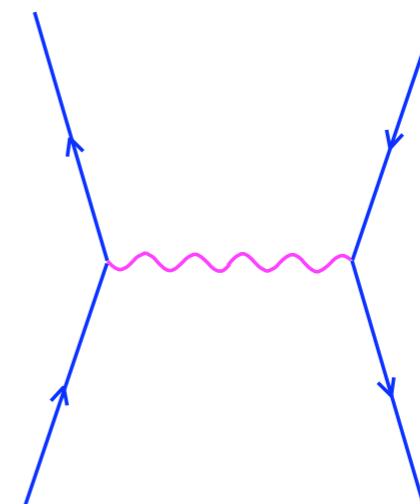
QED Potential

1/r potential:

Fourier
Transform

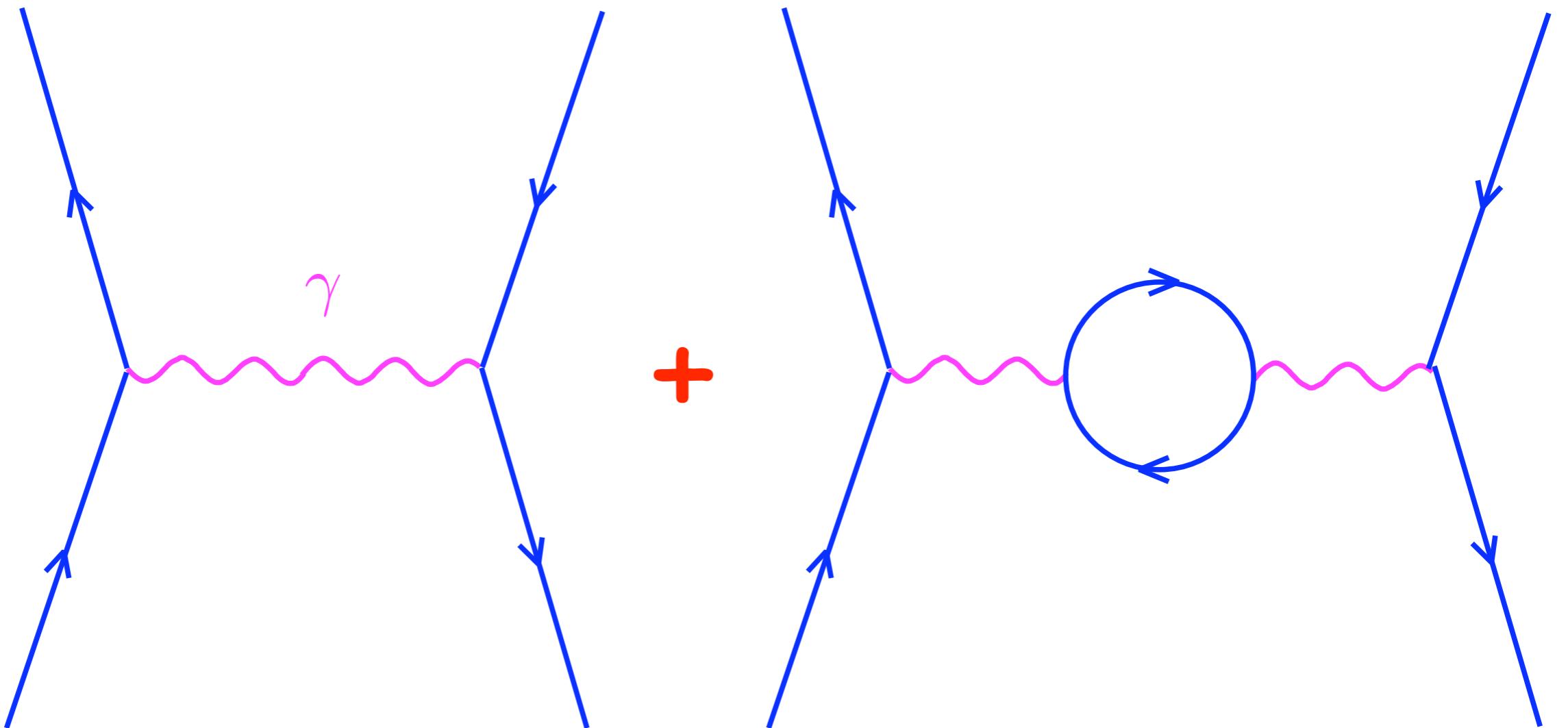
$$J^\mu(x) \frac{e^2}{|x - y|} J_\mu(y) \quad \longleftrightarrow \quad J^\mu \frac{e^2}{q^2} J_\mu$$

$$\alpha = \frac{e^2}{4\pi} \approx \frac{1}{137}$$



elastic scattering amplitude

Quantum Corrections

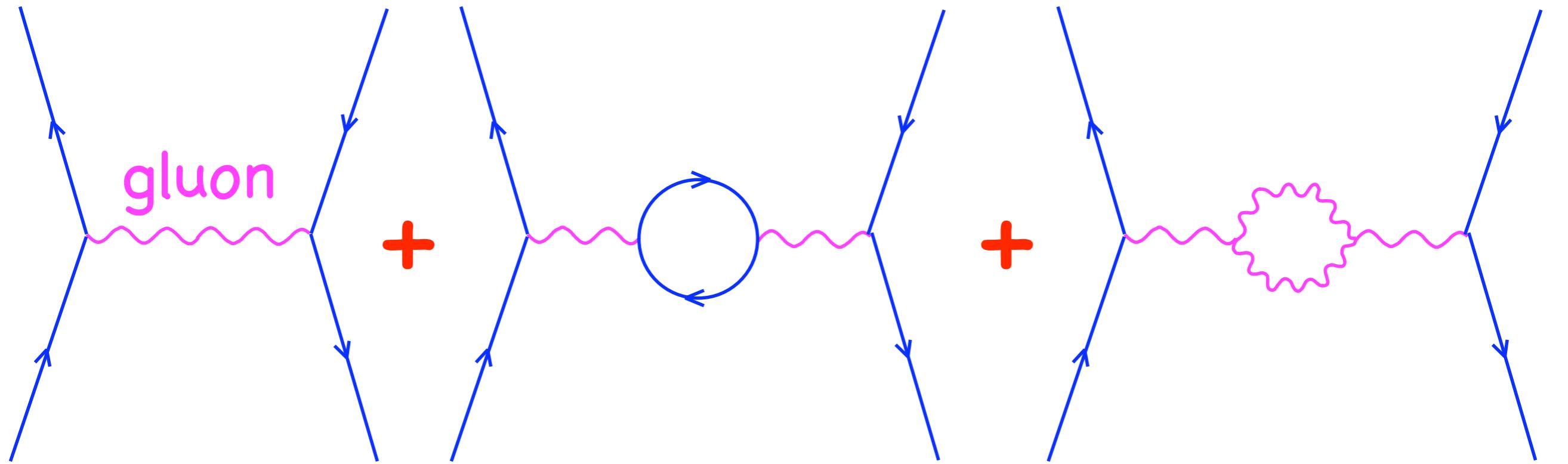


coupling is distance dependent

$$\alpha(10^{-10} \text{ m}) \approx \frac{1}{137}$$

$$\alpha(10^{-17} \text{ m}) \approx \frac{1}{128}$$

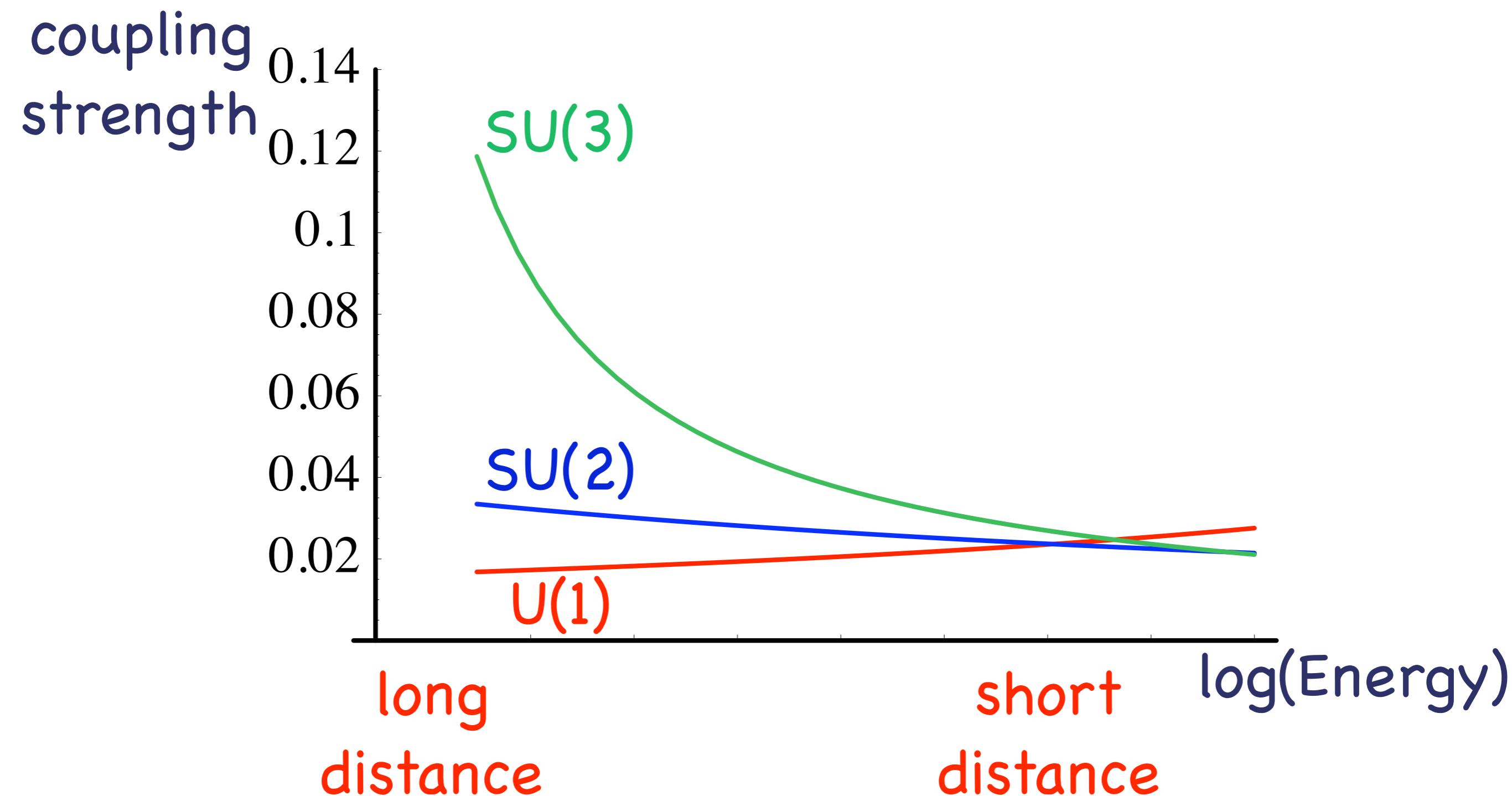
Quantum Corrections



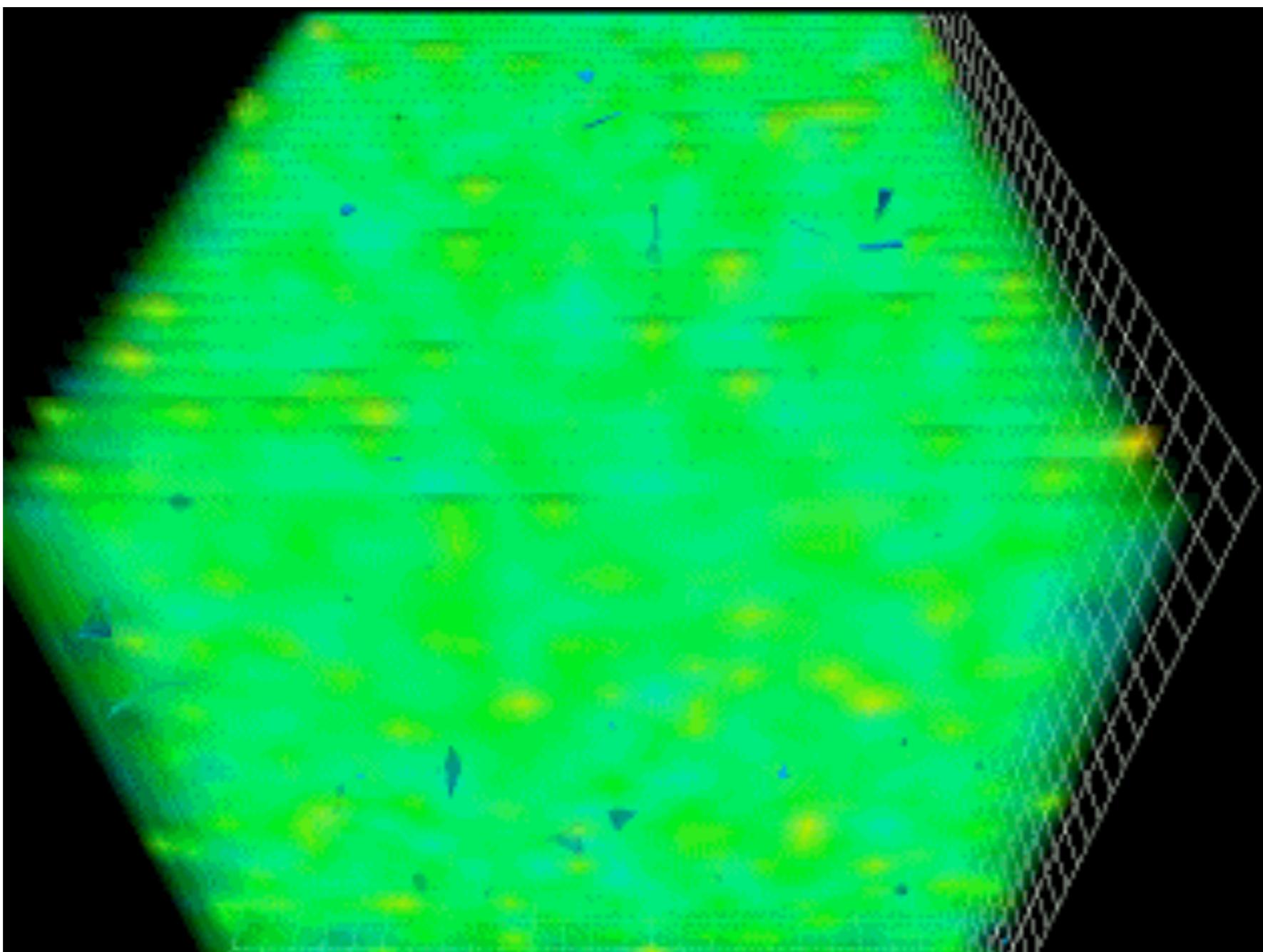
gluons contribute
with opposite sign

QCD coupling gets stronger at larger distances

Running Coupling

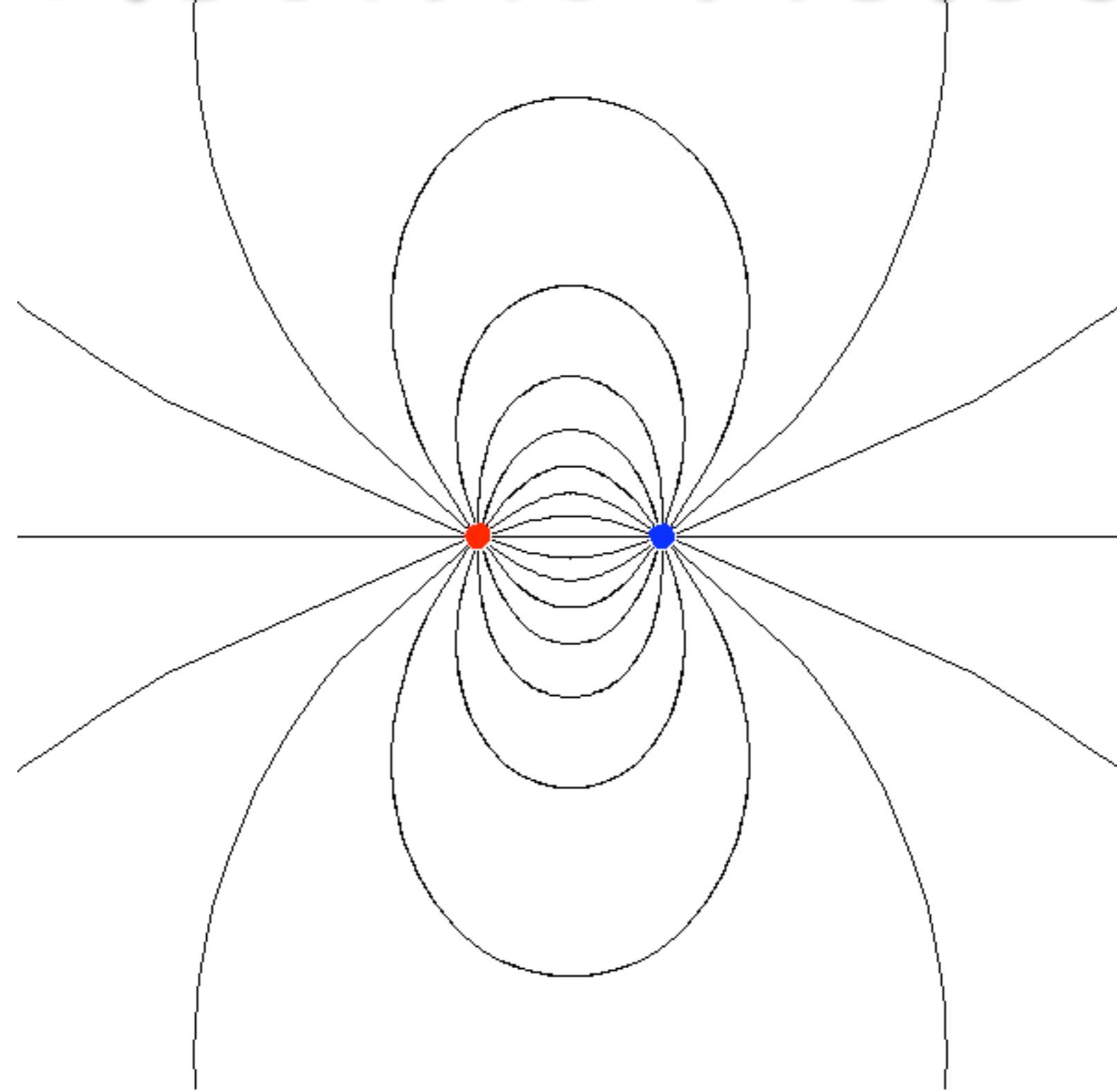


Strong Coupling

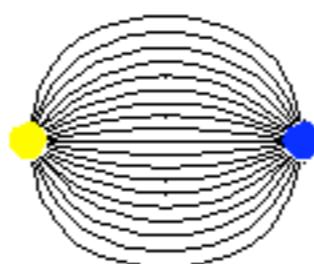


<http://bit.ly/qcdvac>

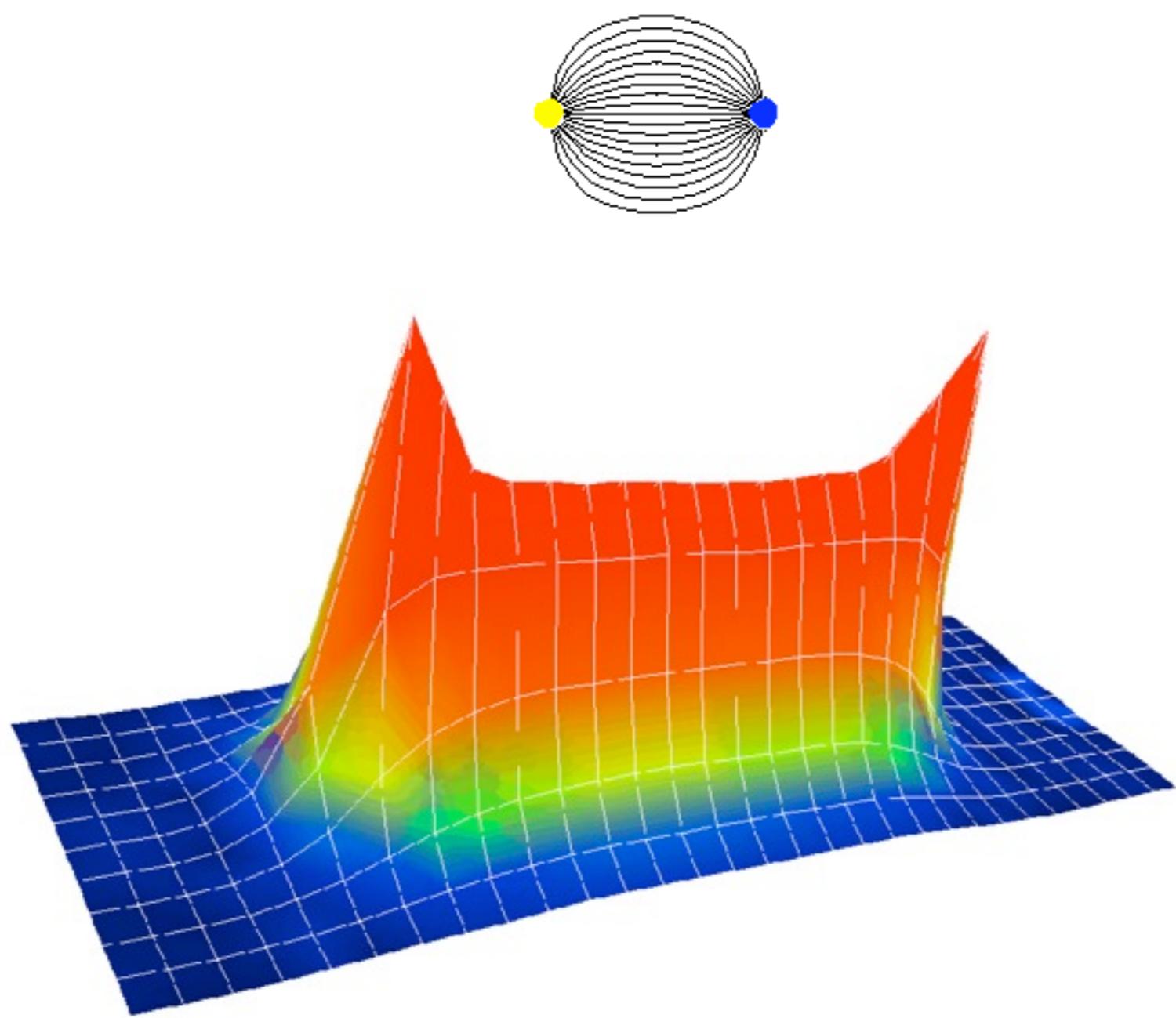
Electric Fields



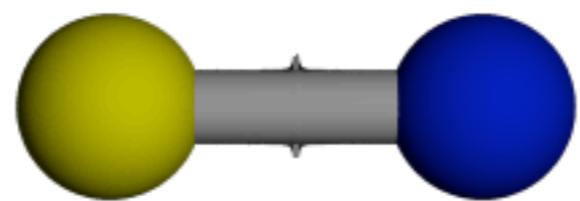
“Color” Fields



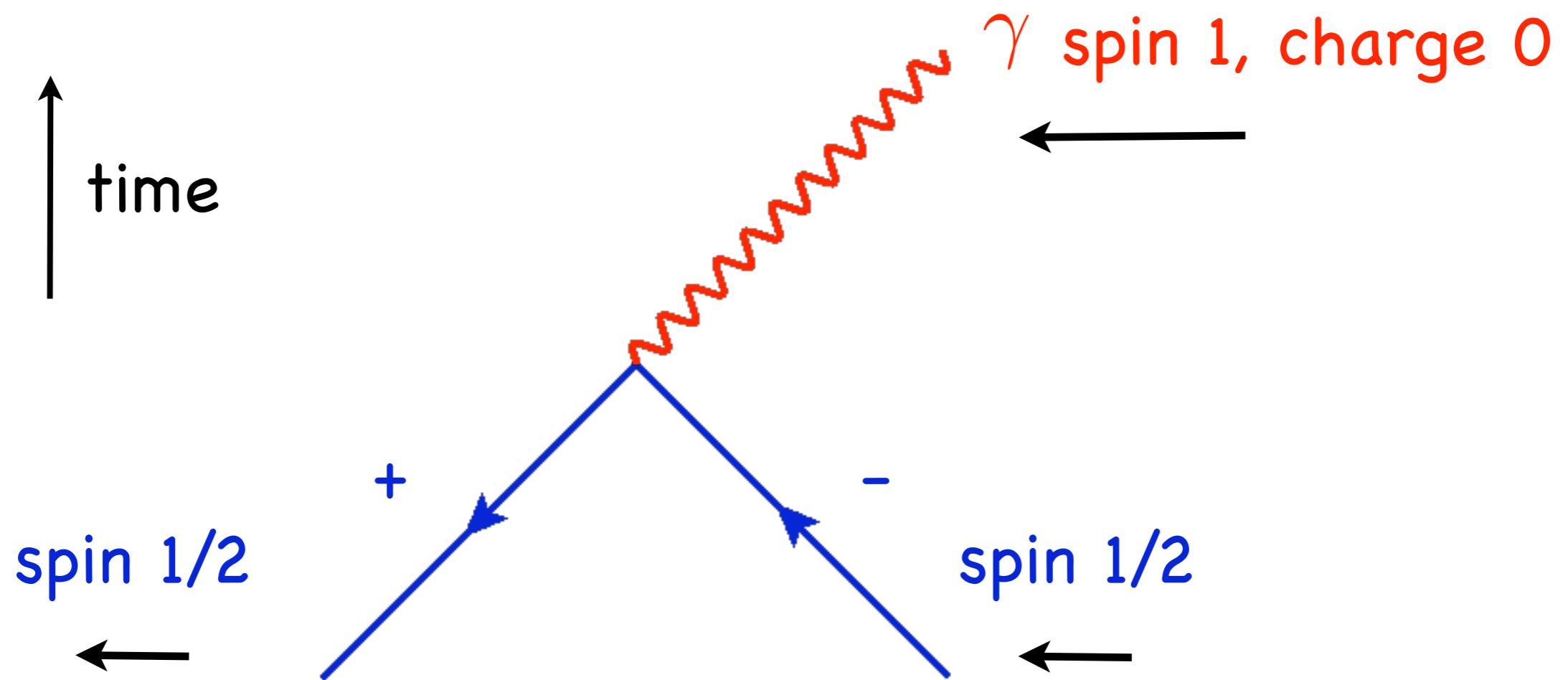
“Color” Fields



Flux Tube → Meson

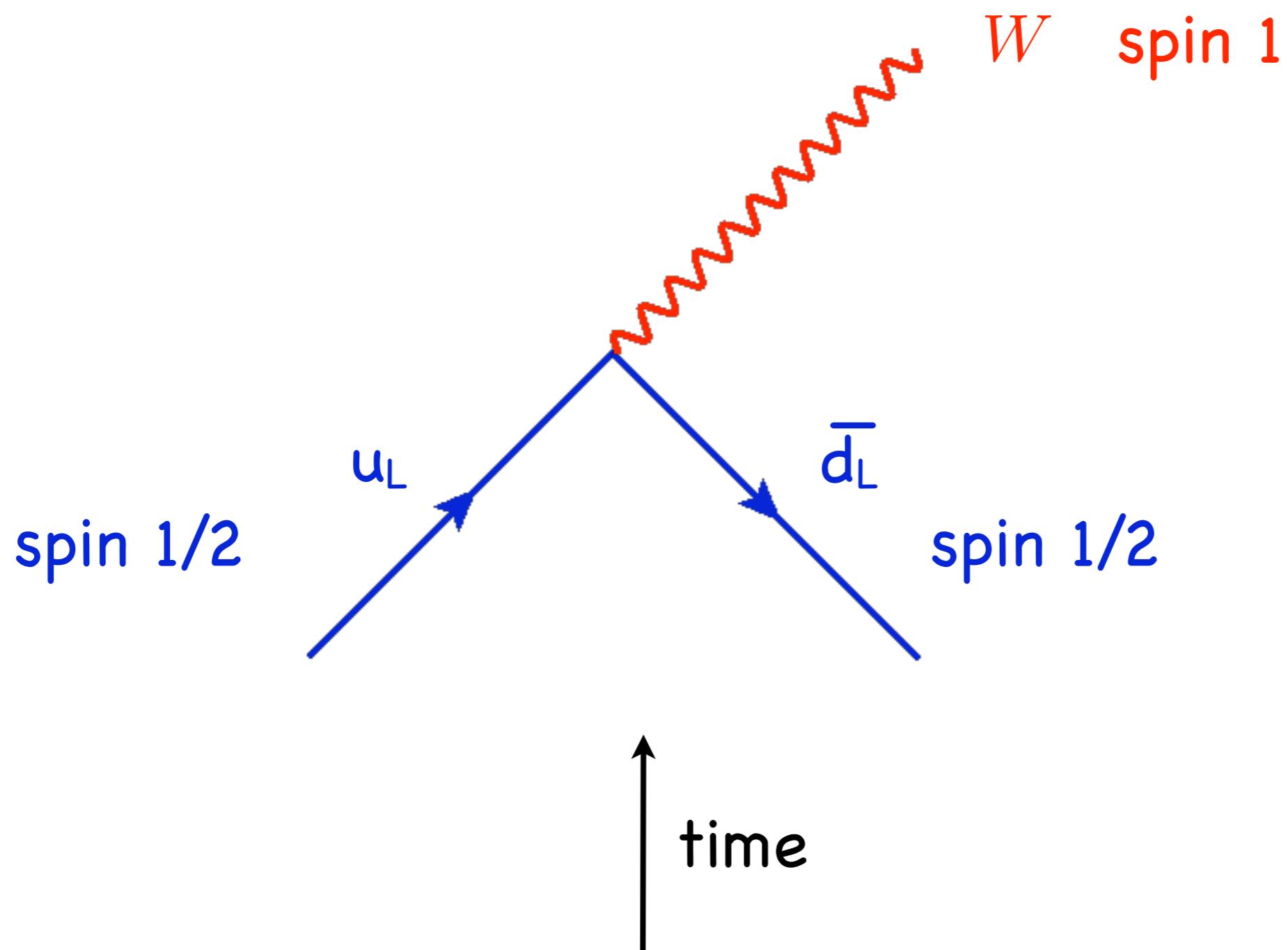


$U(1)$



spin and charge must add up

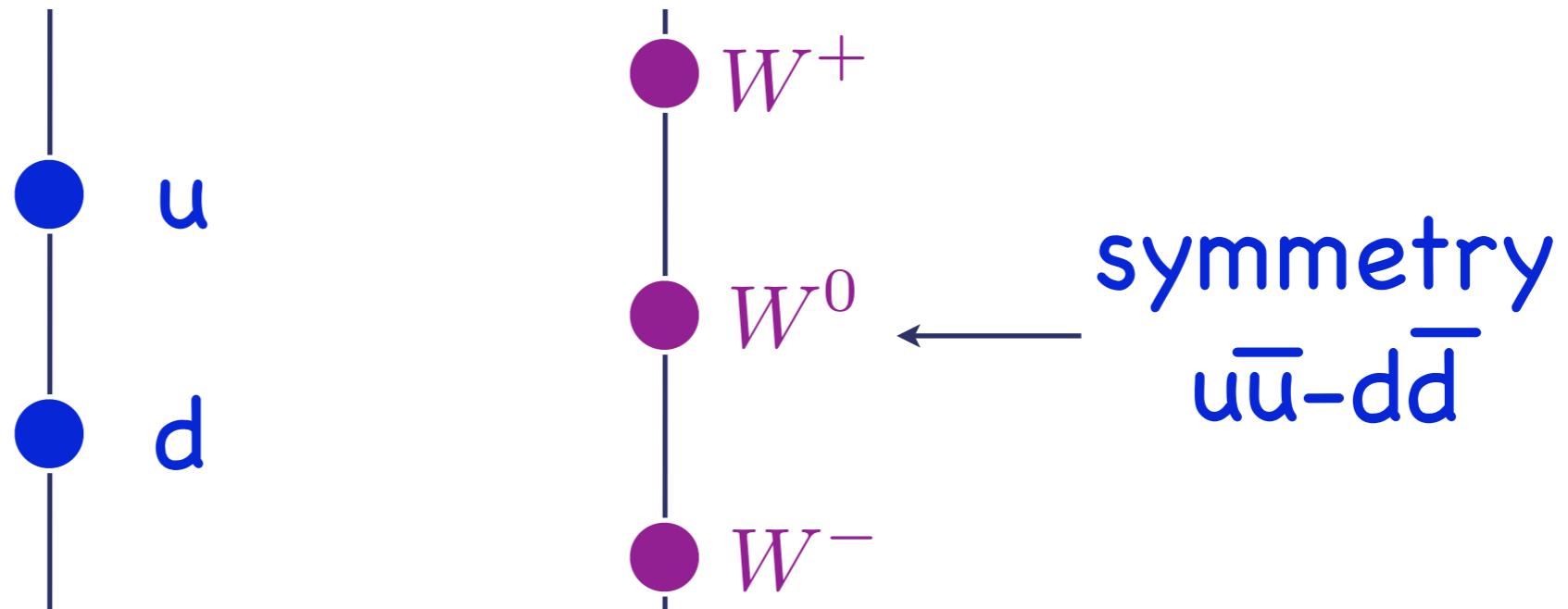
$SU(2)_L$



SU(2) Gauge Bosons

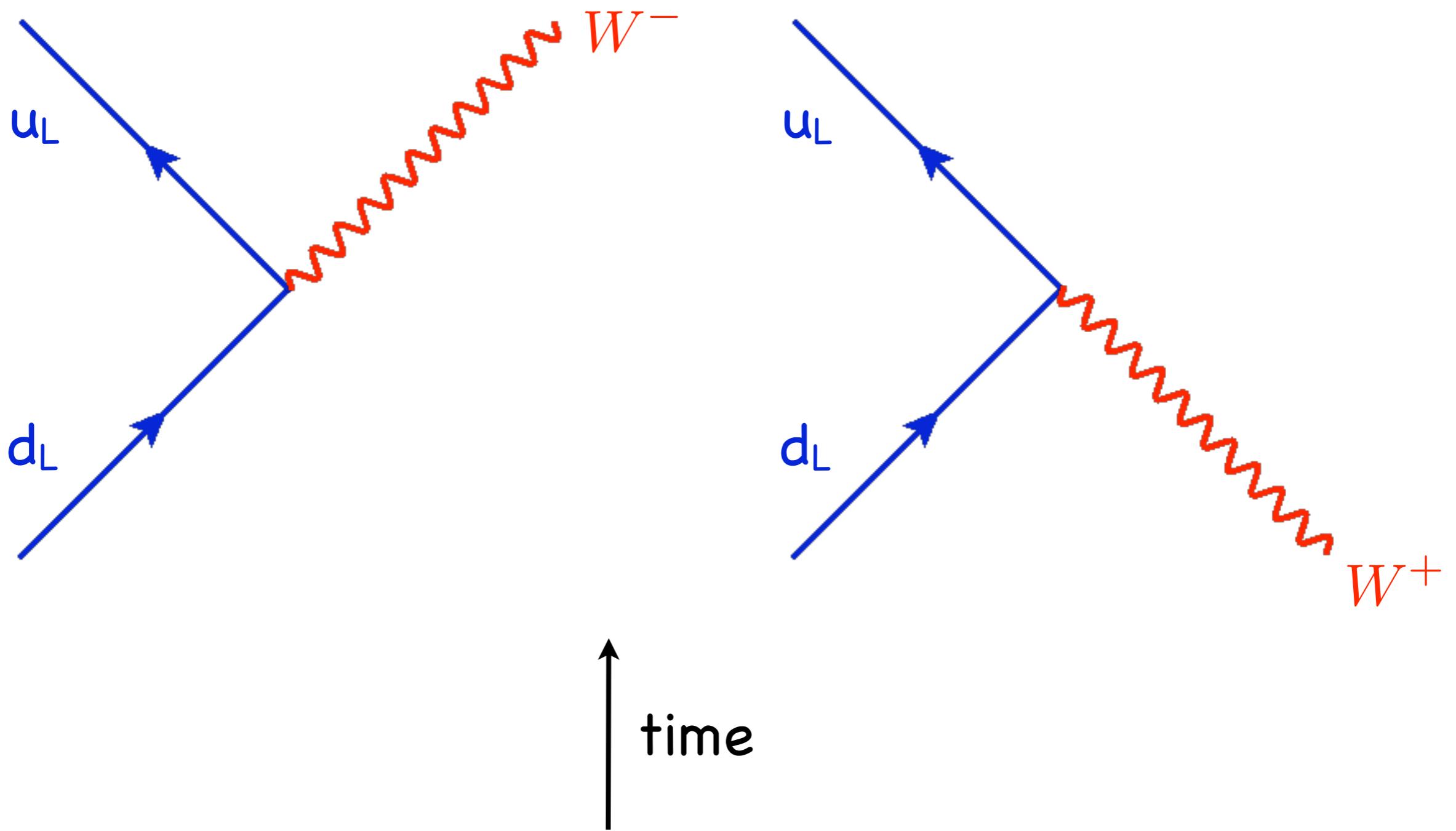
adding SU(2) charges
works just like spin:

$$\pm \frac{1}{2} \pm \frac{1}{2} = -1, 0, 1$$

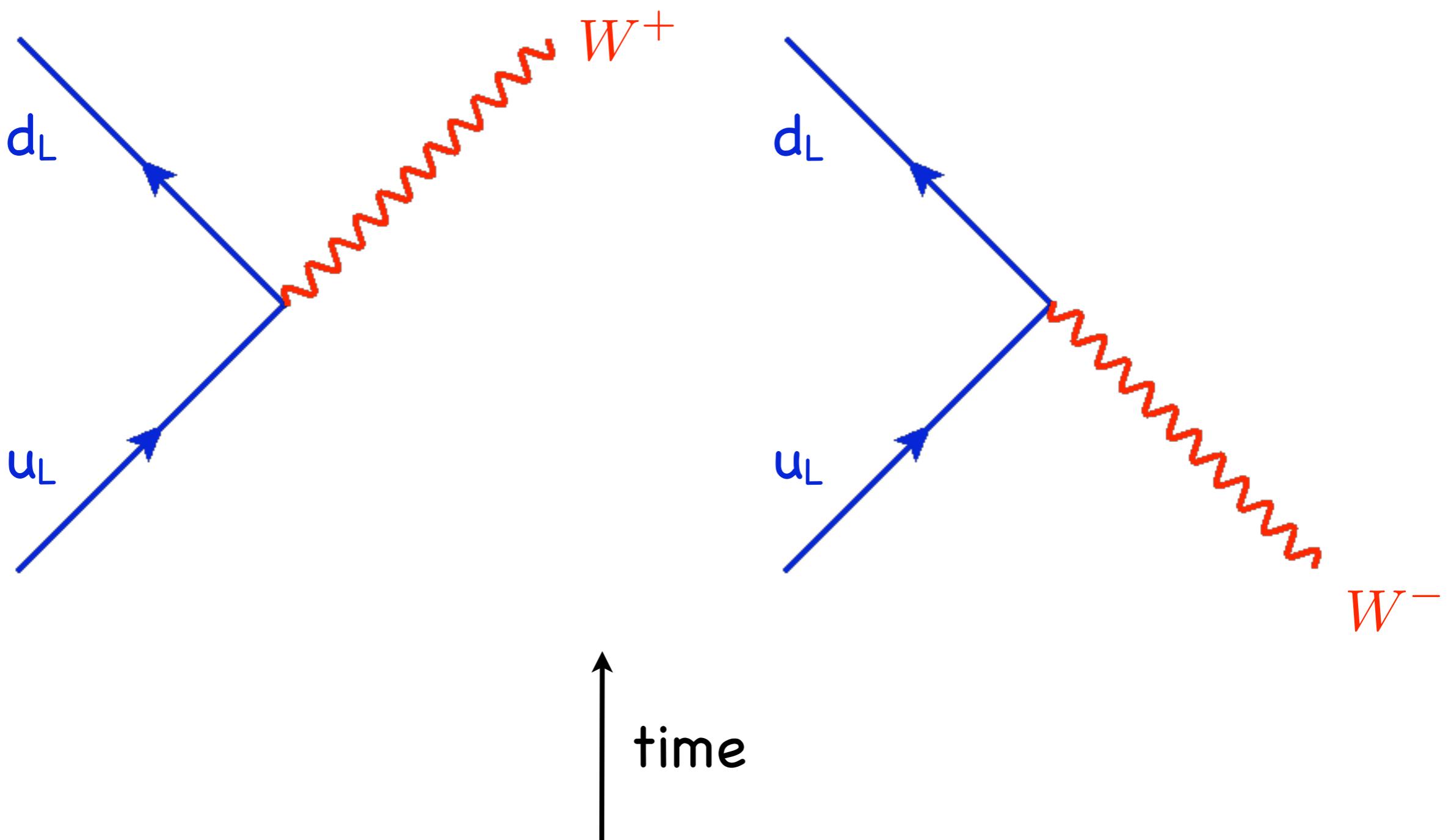


three weak gauge bosons

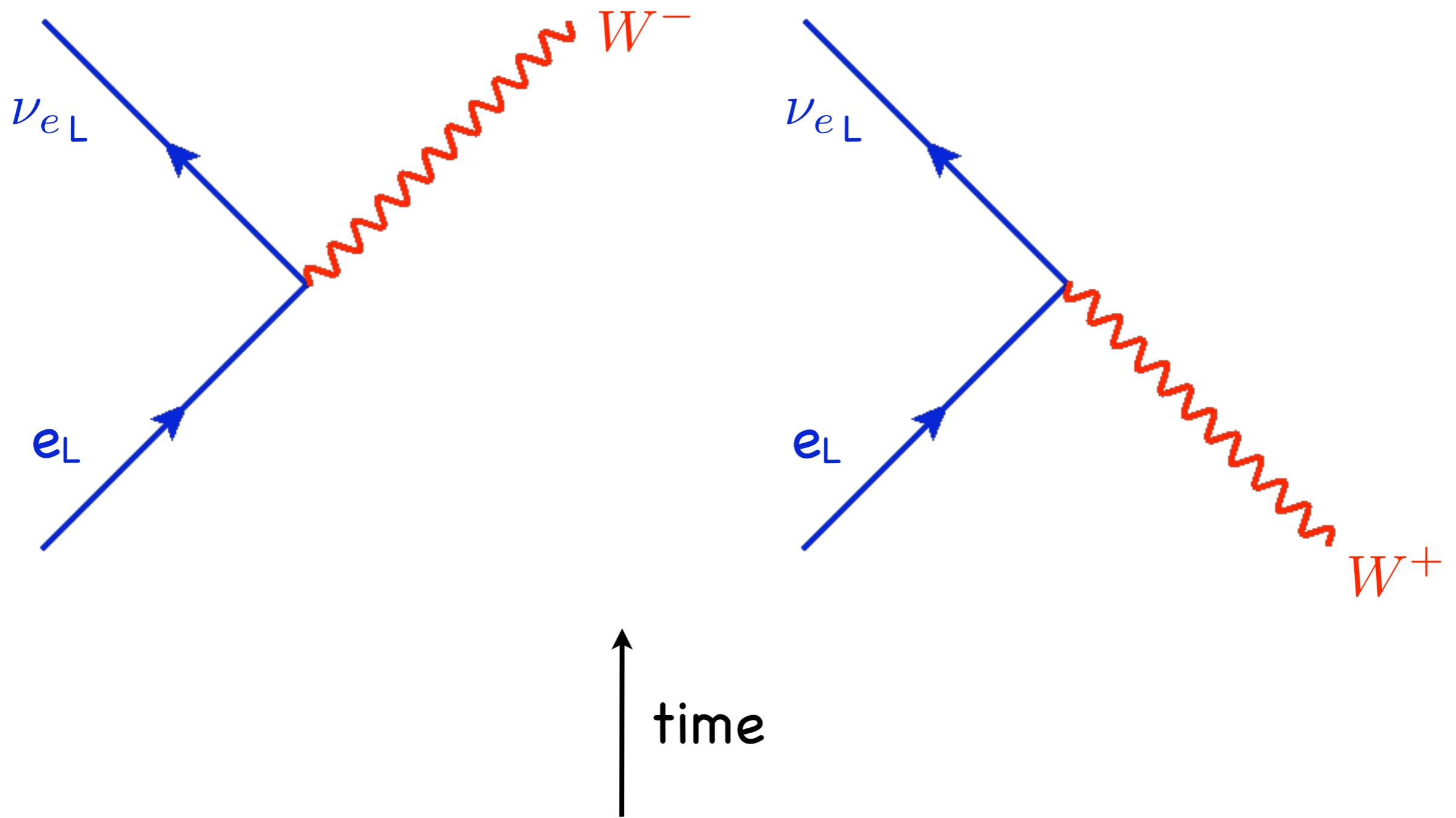
$SU(2)_L$ Weak Interactions



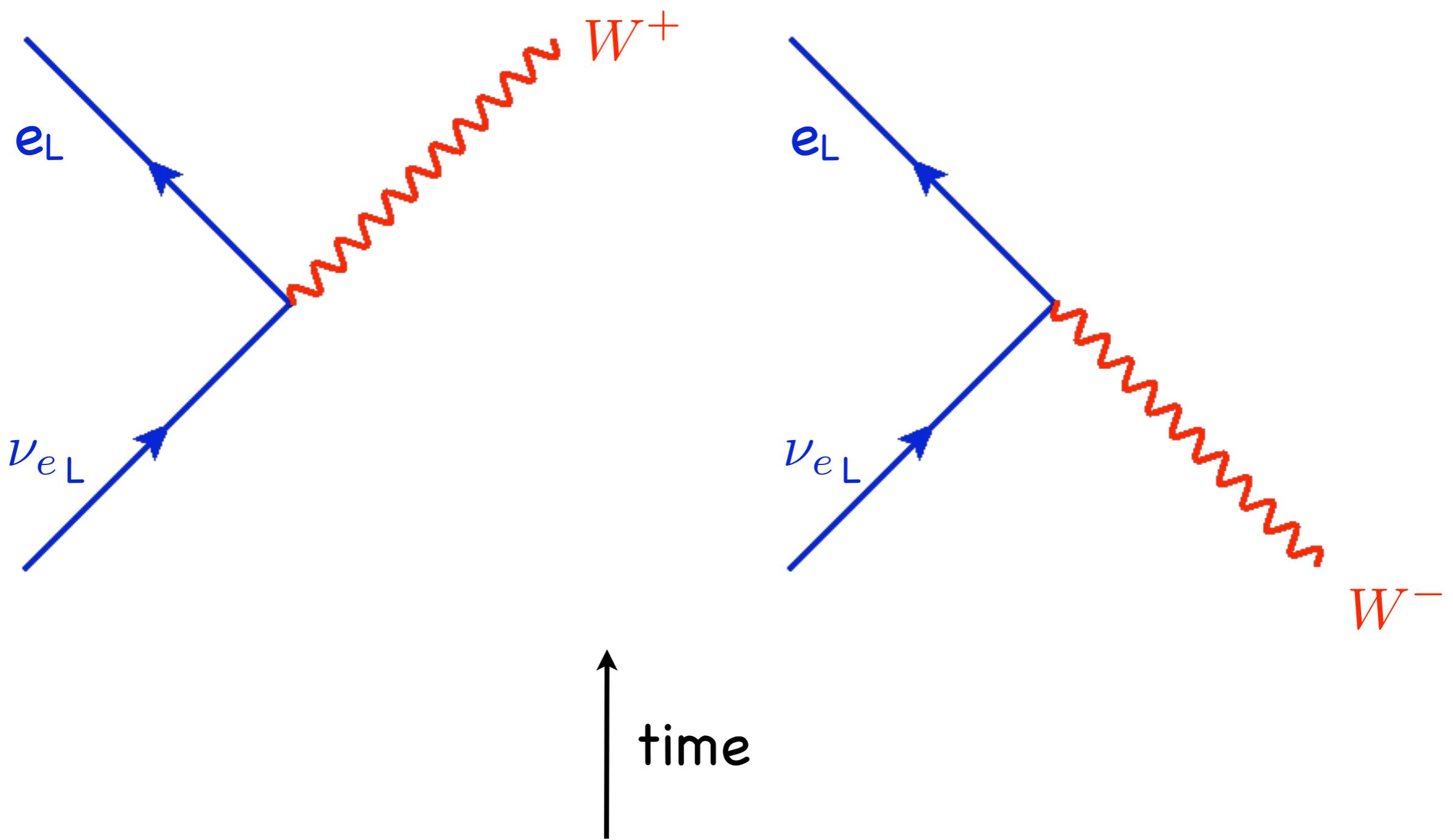
$SU(2)_L$ Weak Interactions



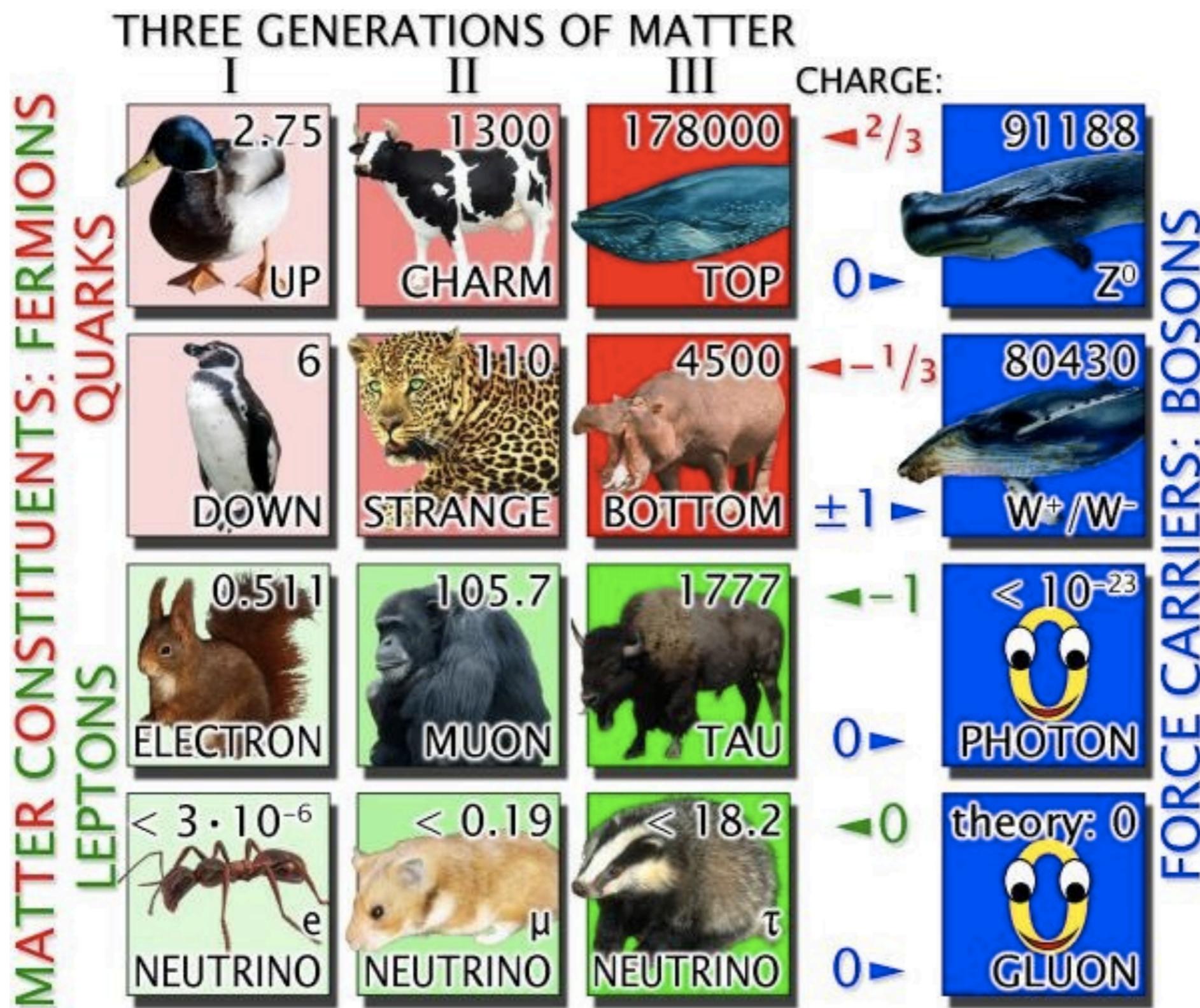
$SU(2)_L$ Weak Interactions



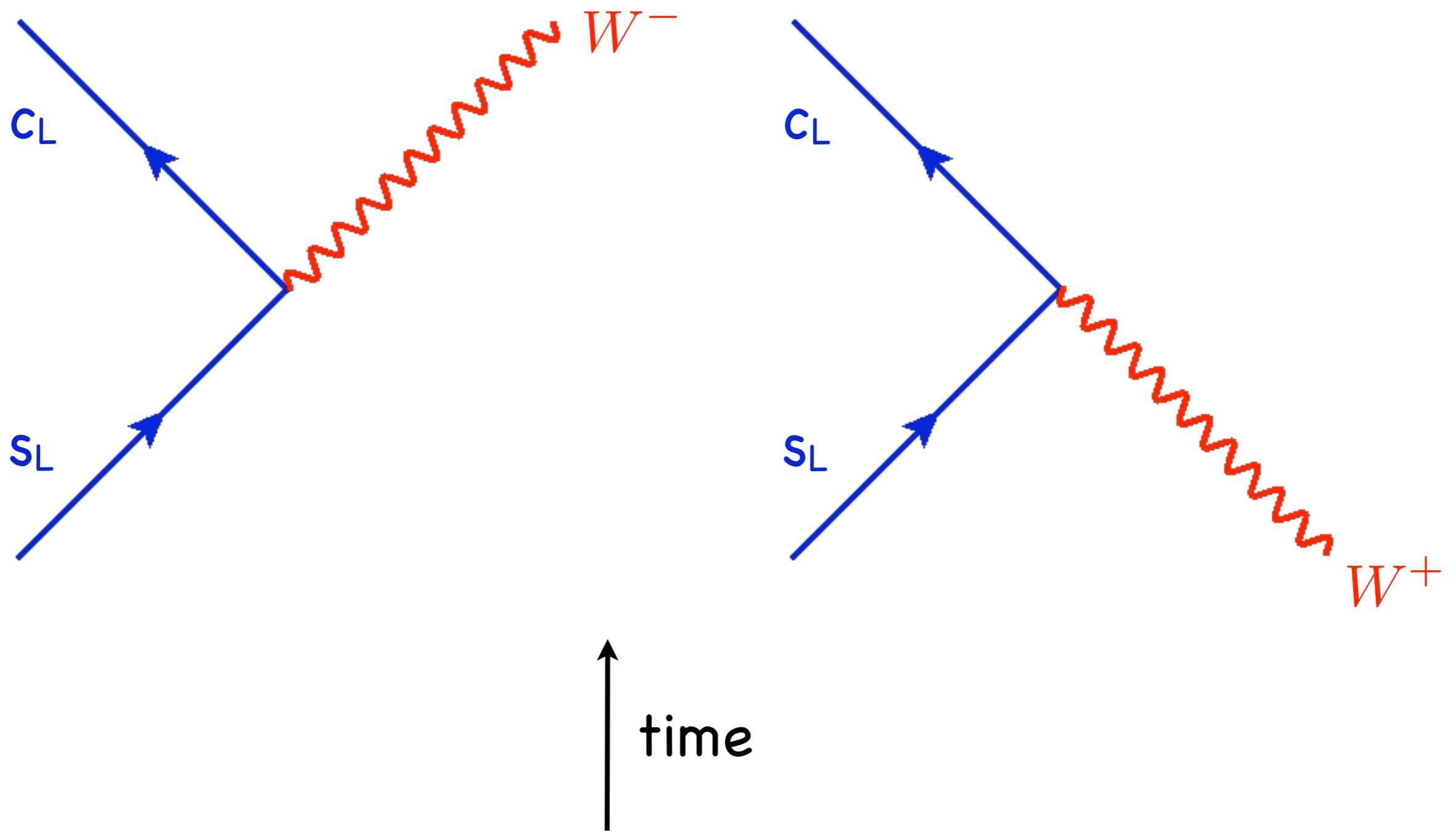
$SU(2)_L$ Weak Interactions



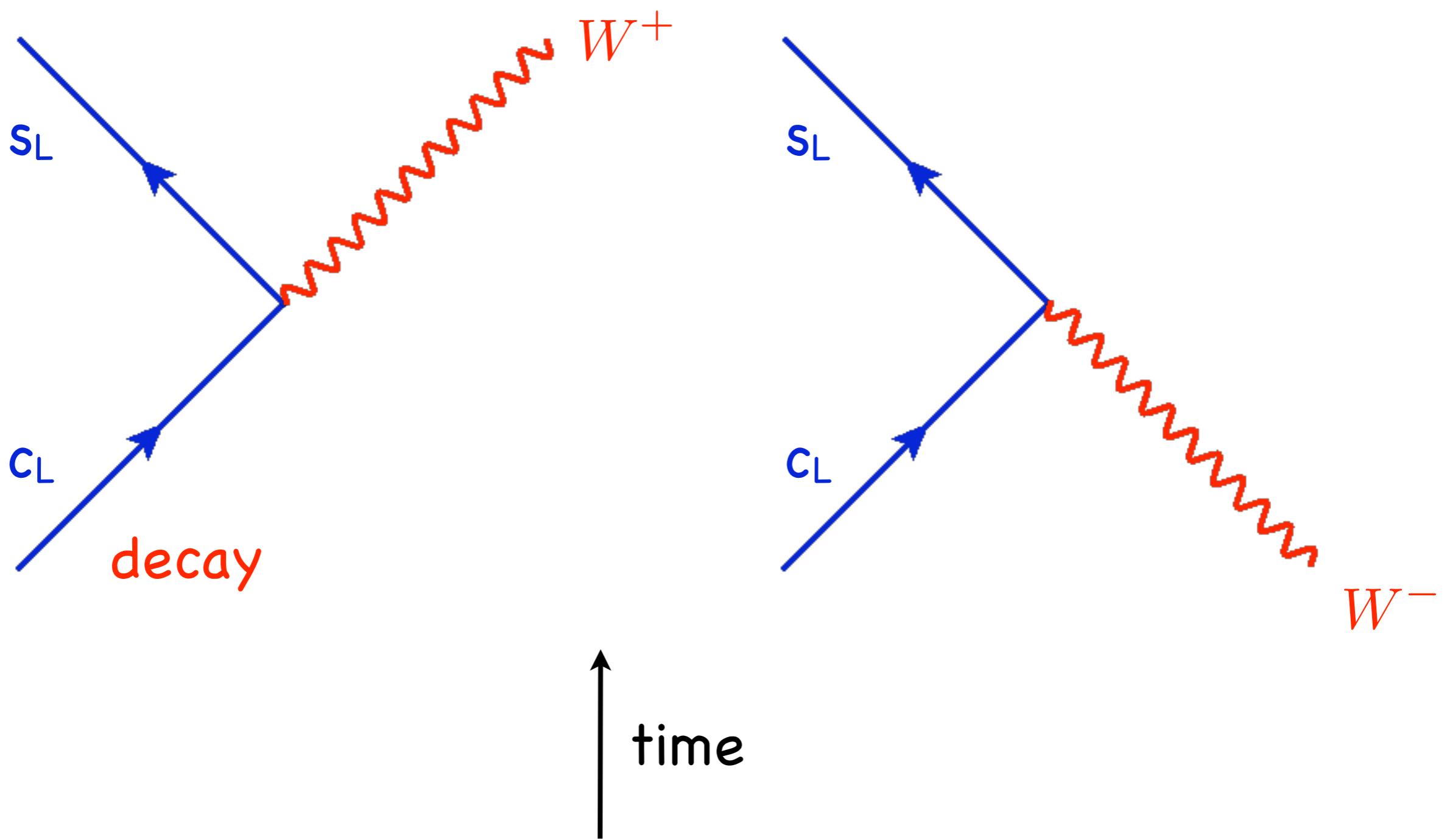
Standard Model



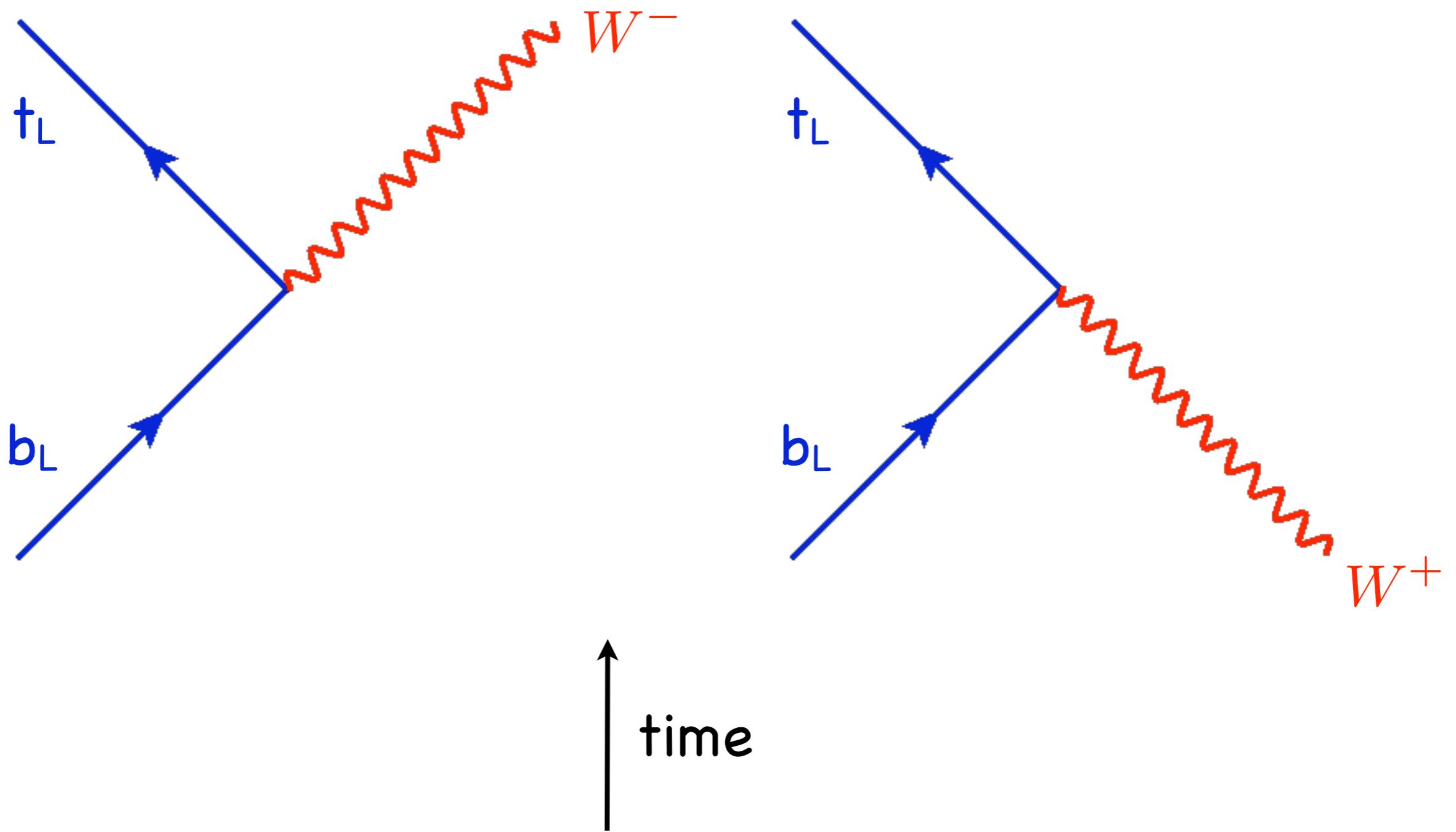
$SU(2)_L$ Weak Interactions



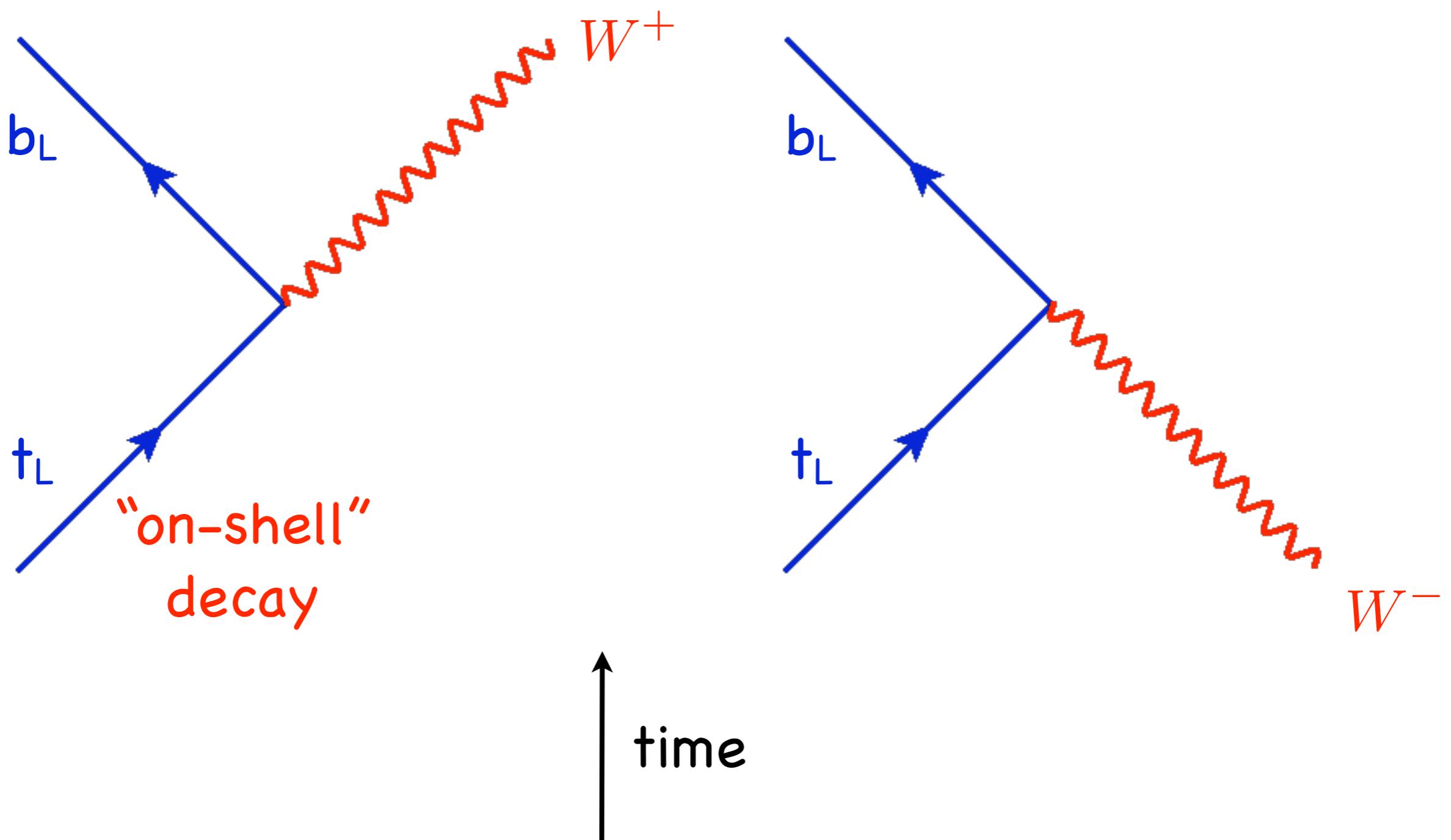
$SU(2)_L$ Weak Interactions



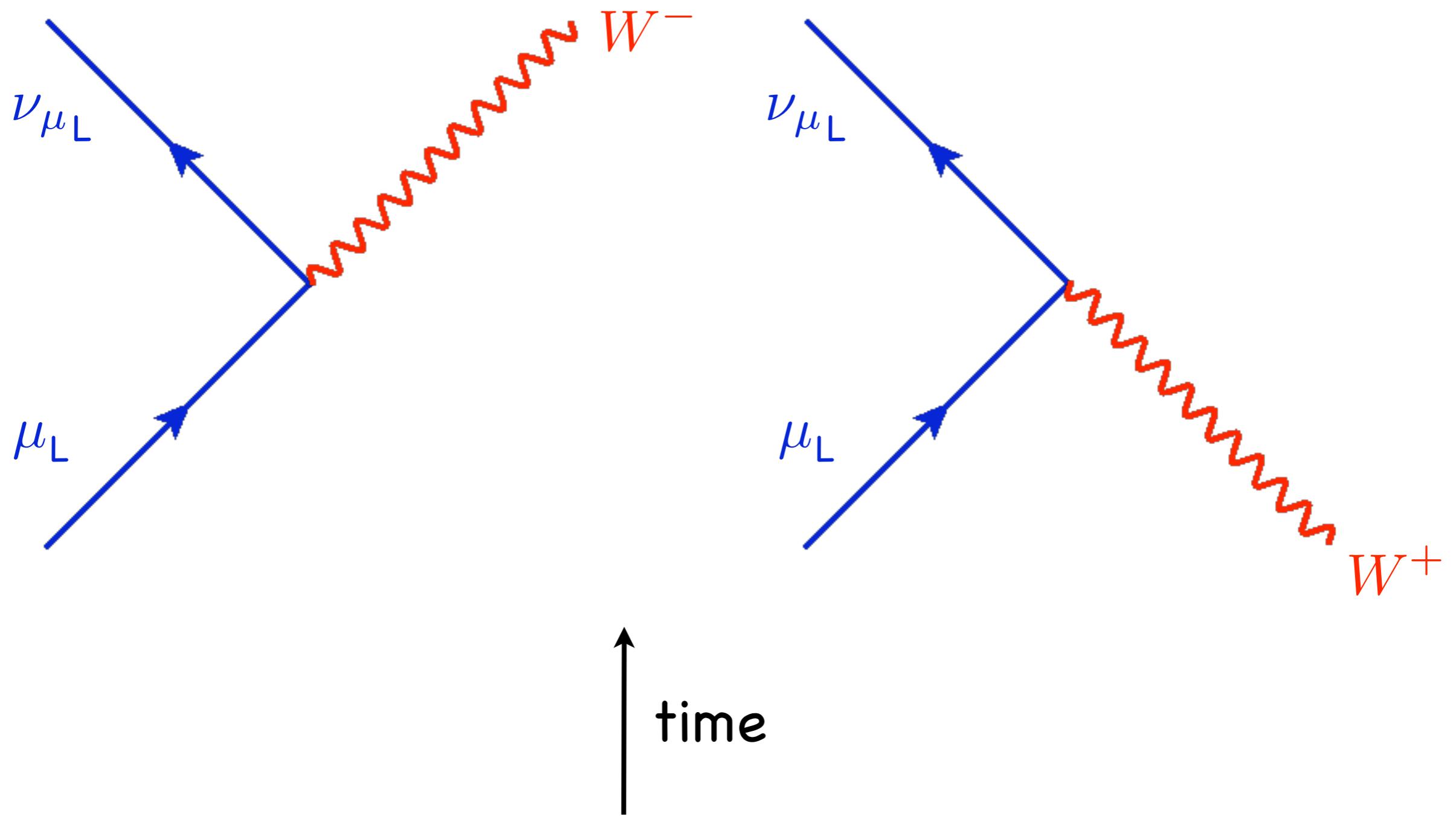
$SU(2)_L$ Weak Interactions



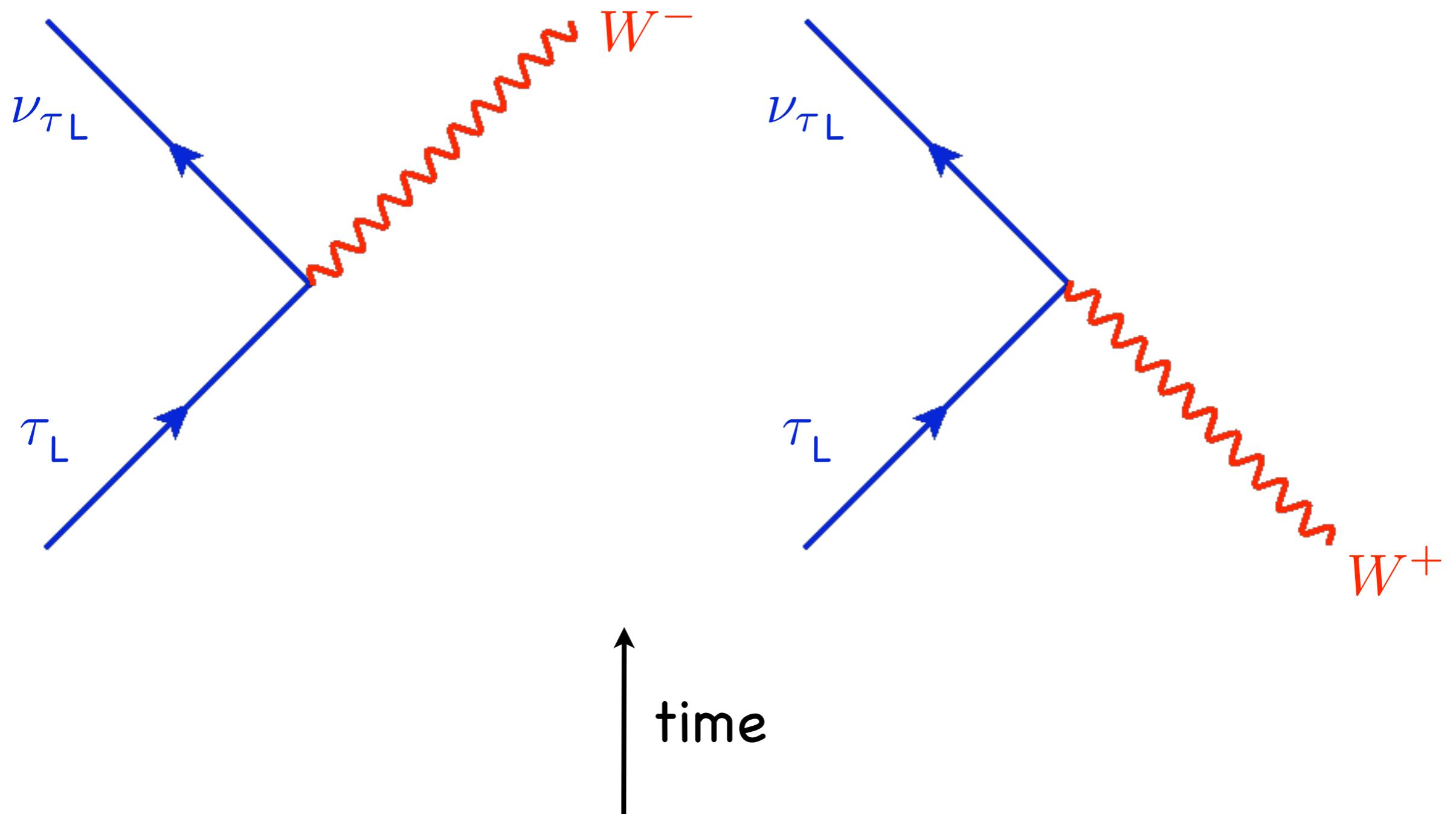
$SU(2)_L$ Weak Interactions



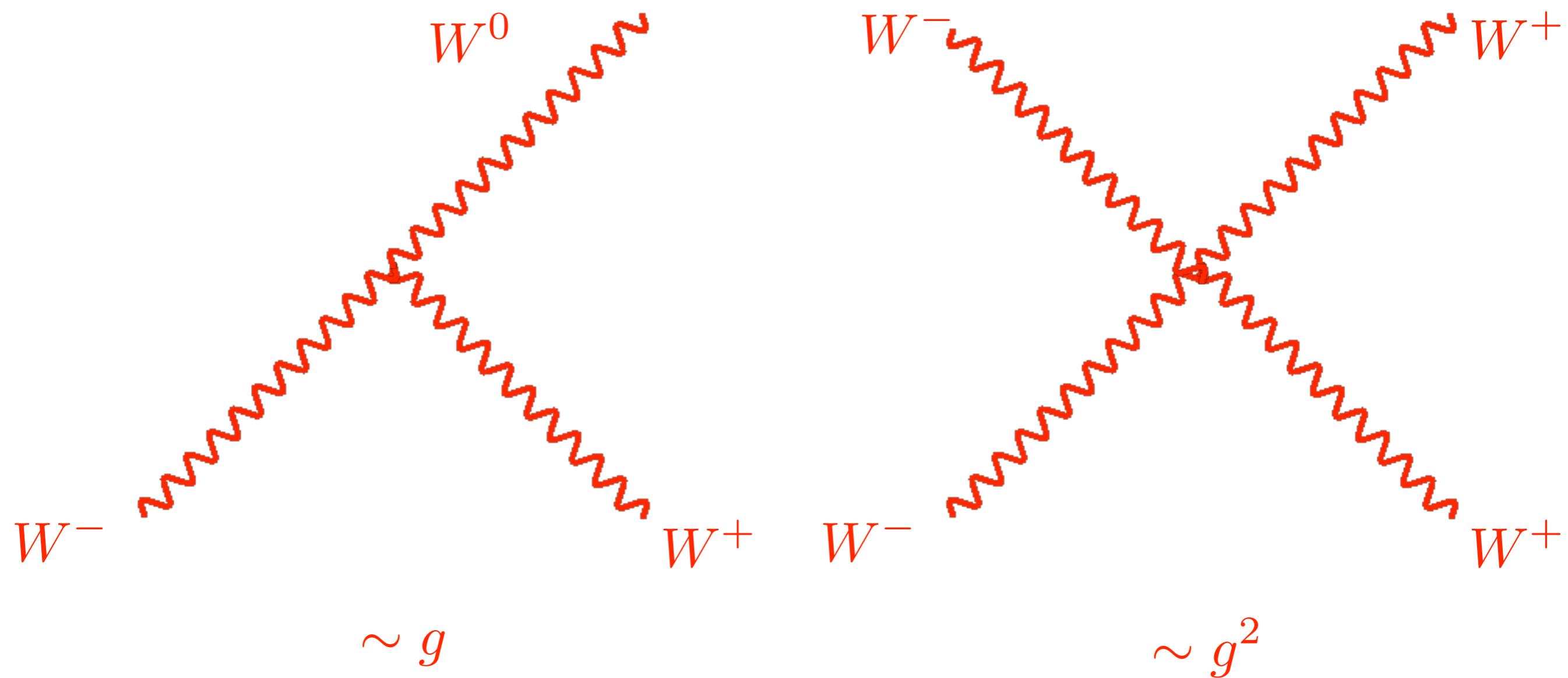
$SU(2)_L$ Weak Interactions



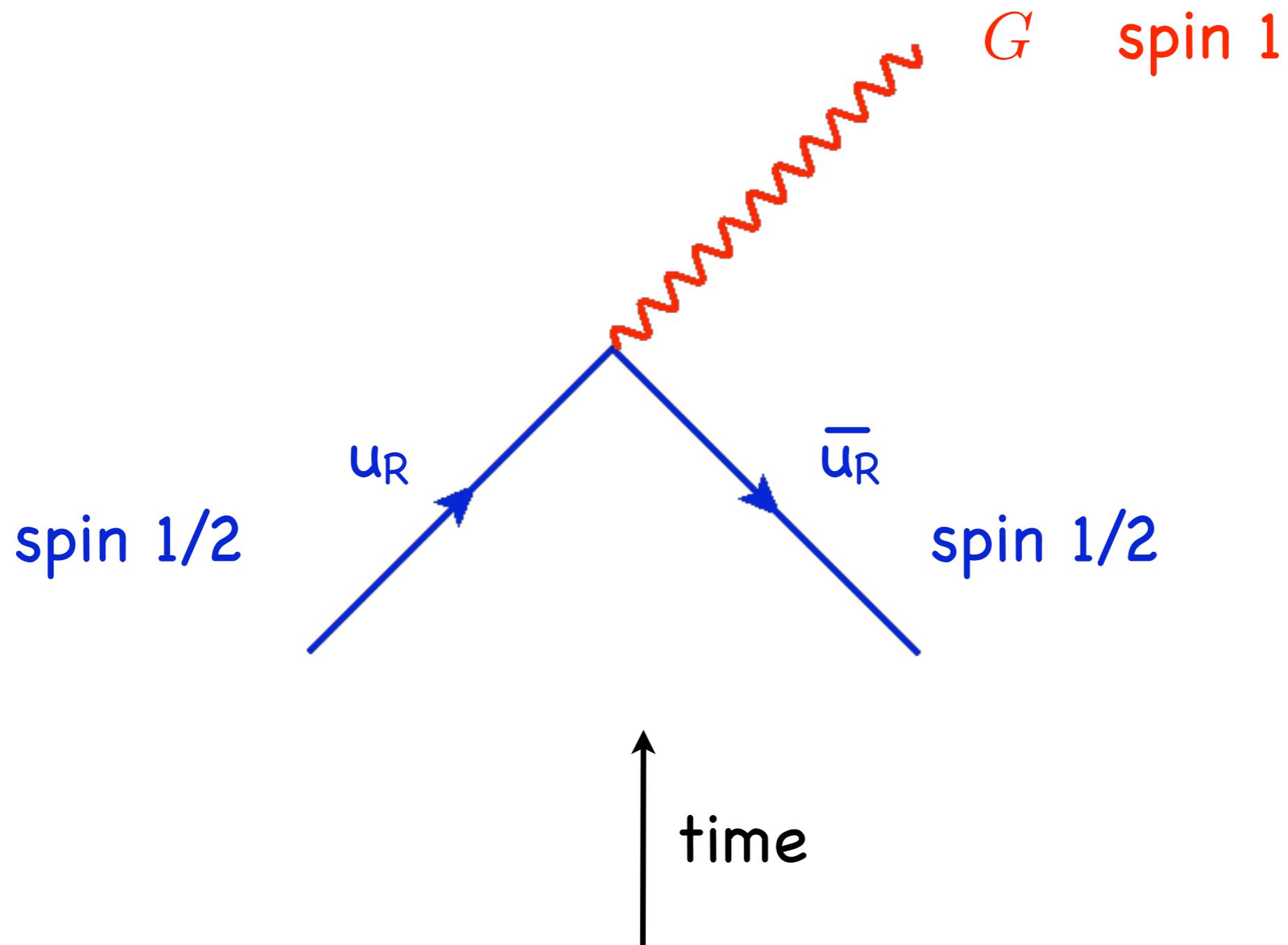
$SU(2)_L$ Weak Interactions



$SU(2)_L$ Weak Interactions

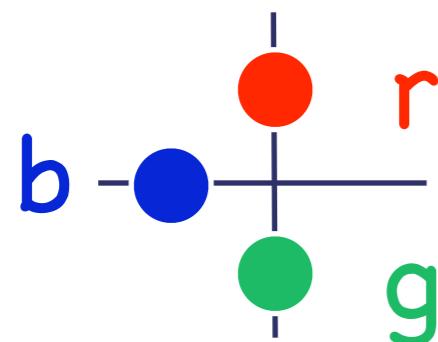


$SU(3)_c$

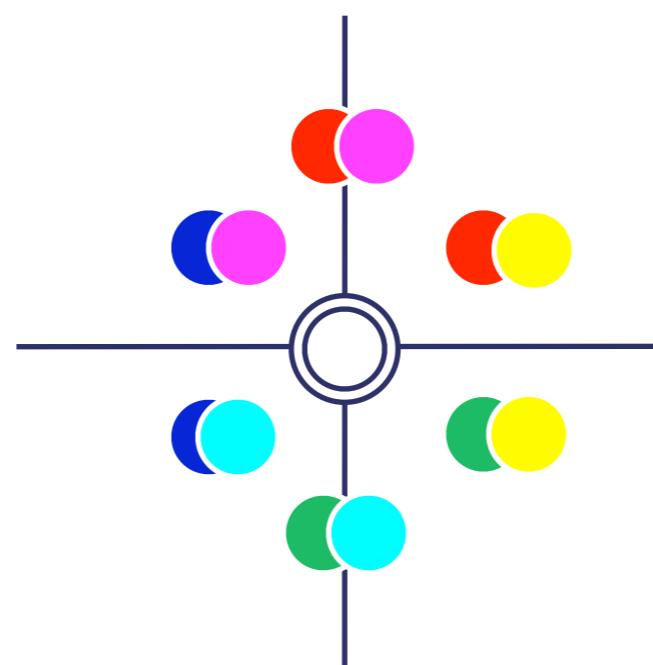


$SU(3)_c$ Gauge Bosons

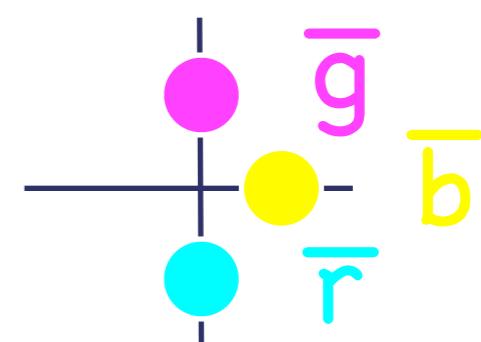
adding $SU(3)$ charges:



three quarks

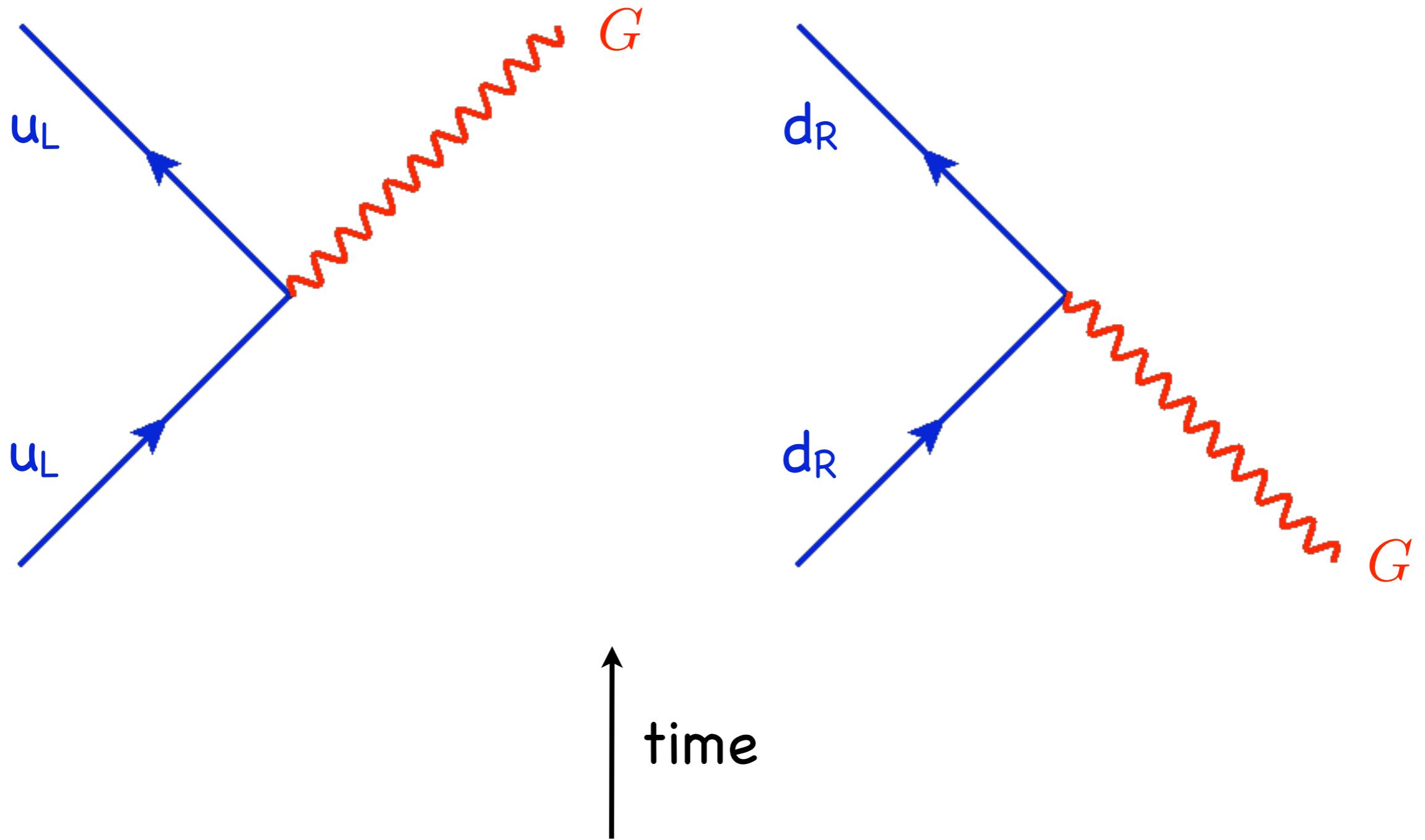


eight gluons

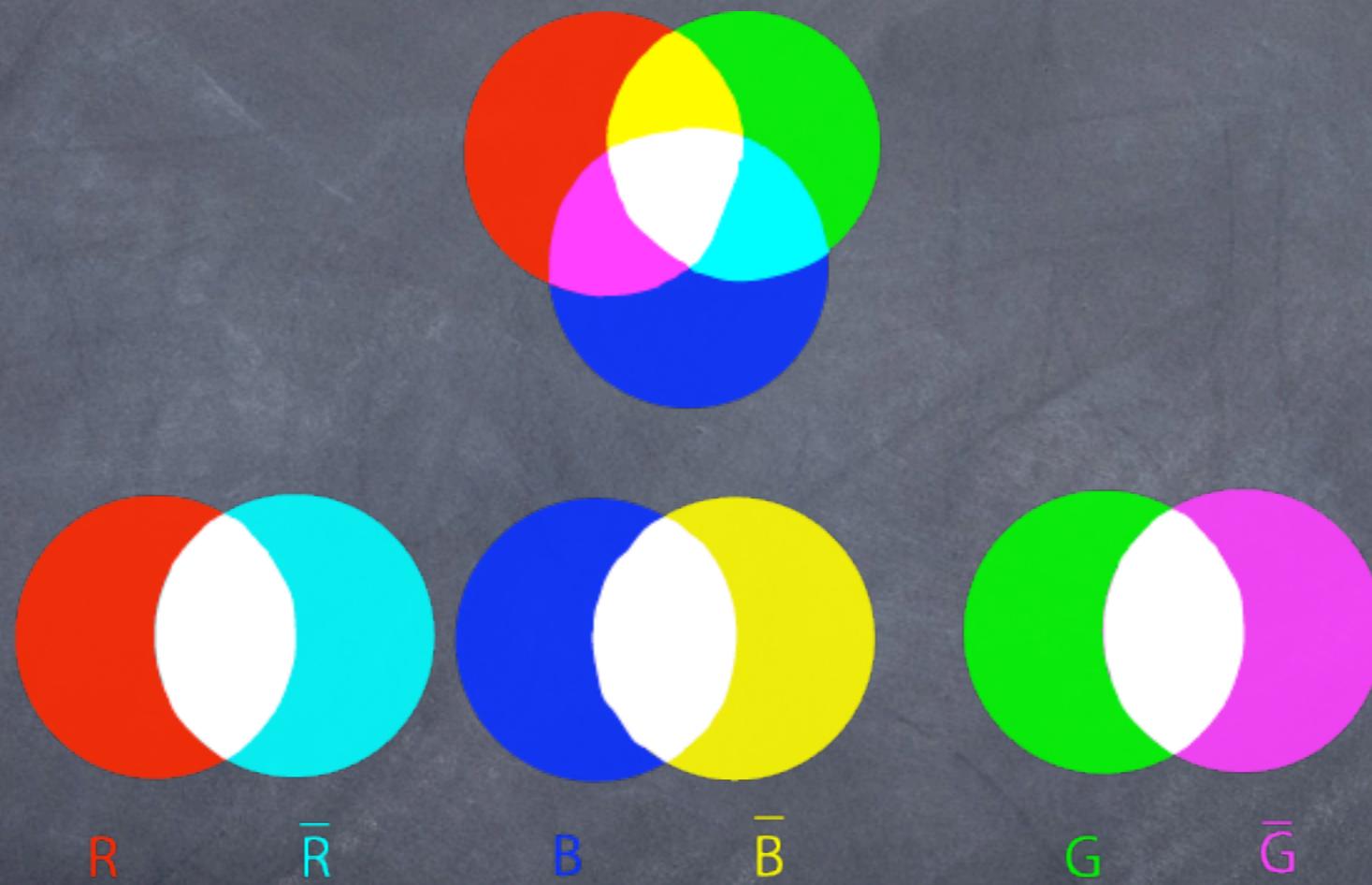


three antiquarks

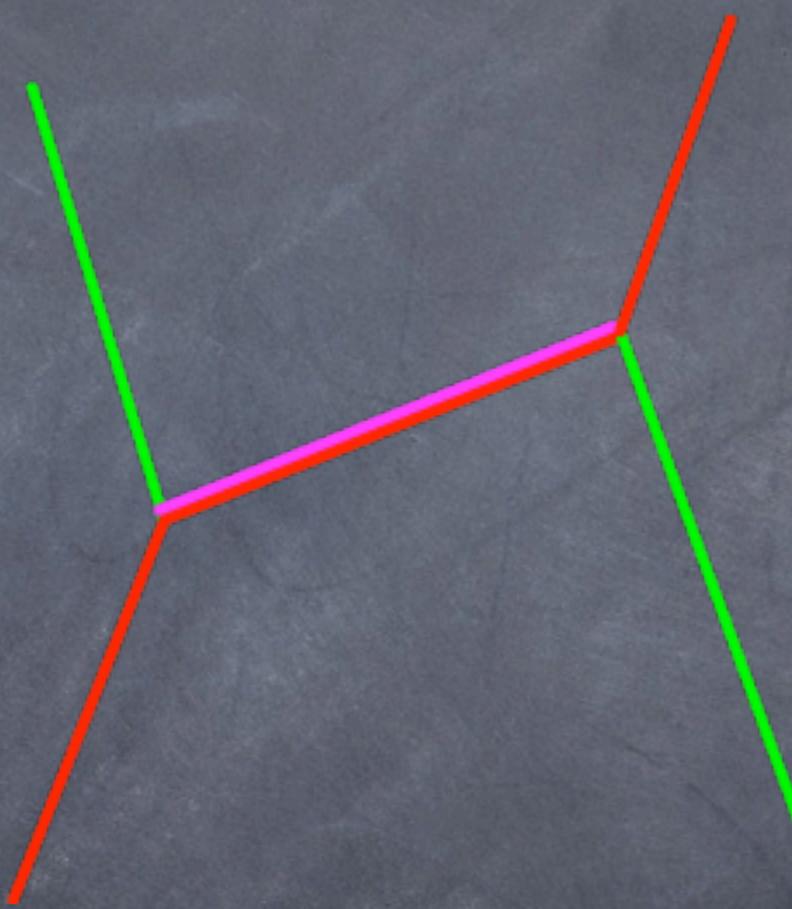
SU(3) Color Interactions



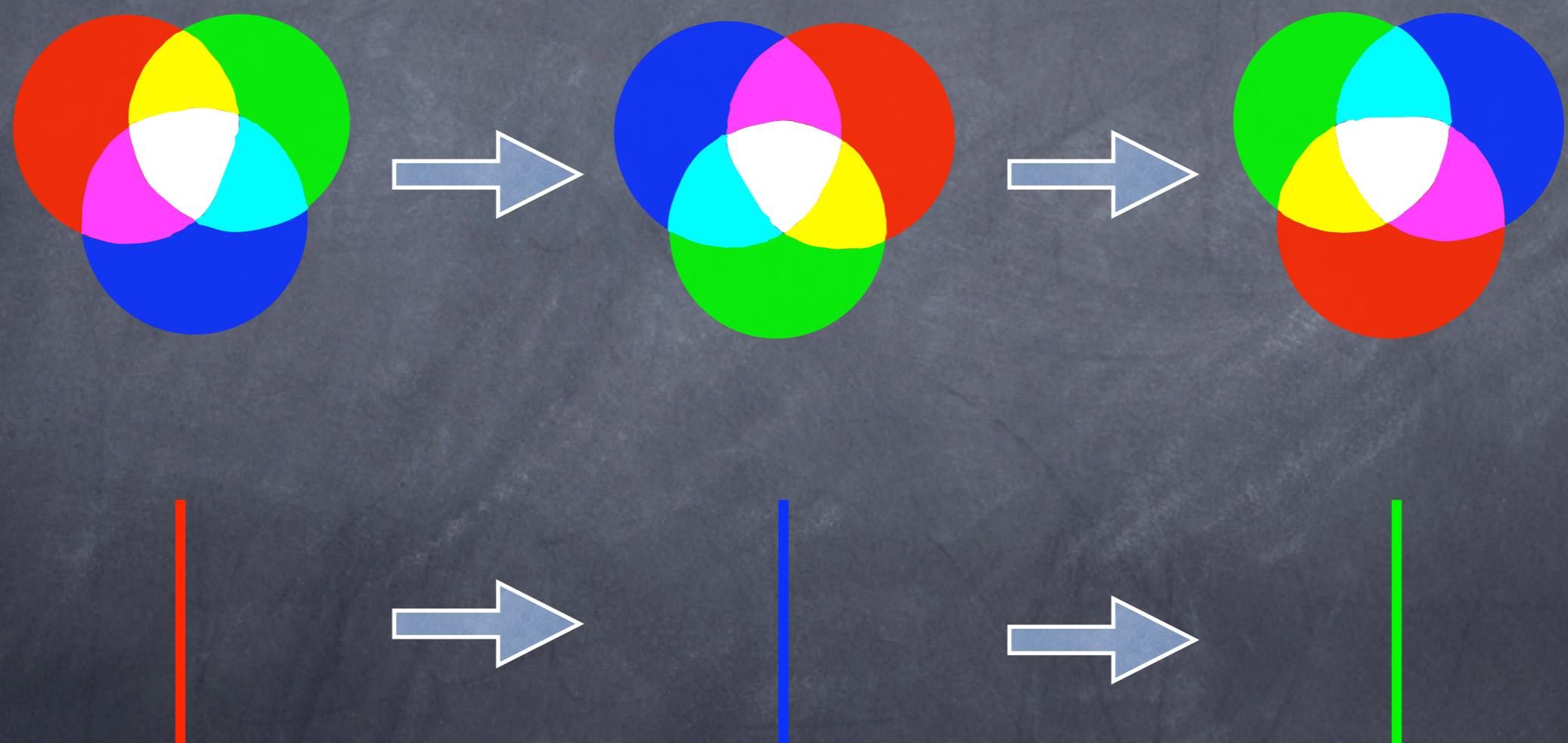
Colors



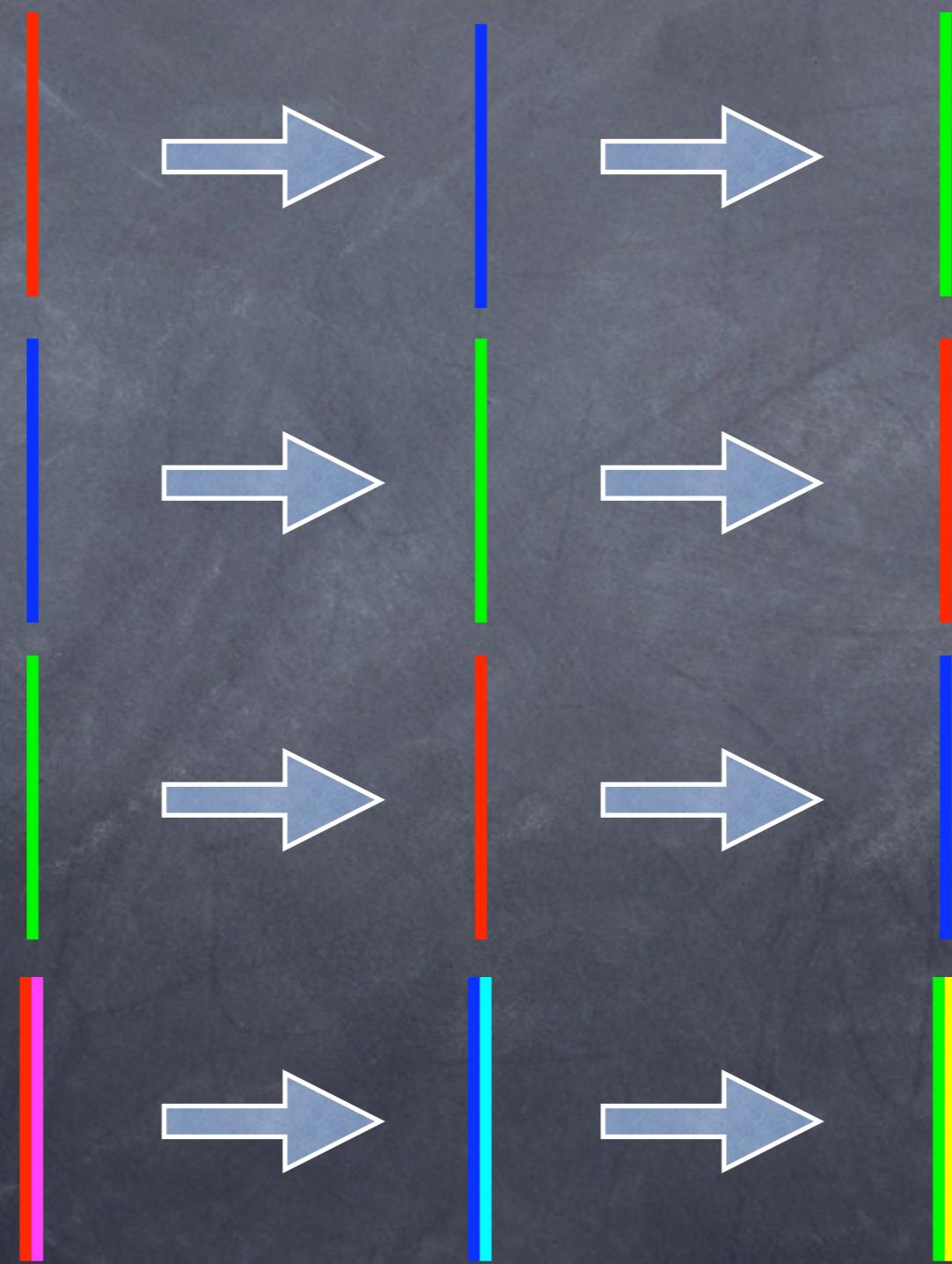
Color Exchange



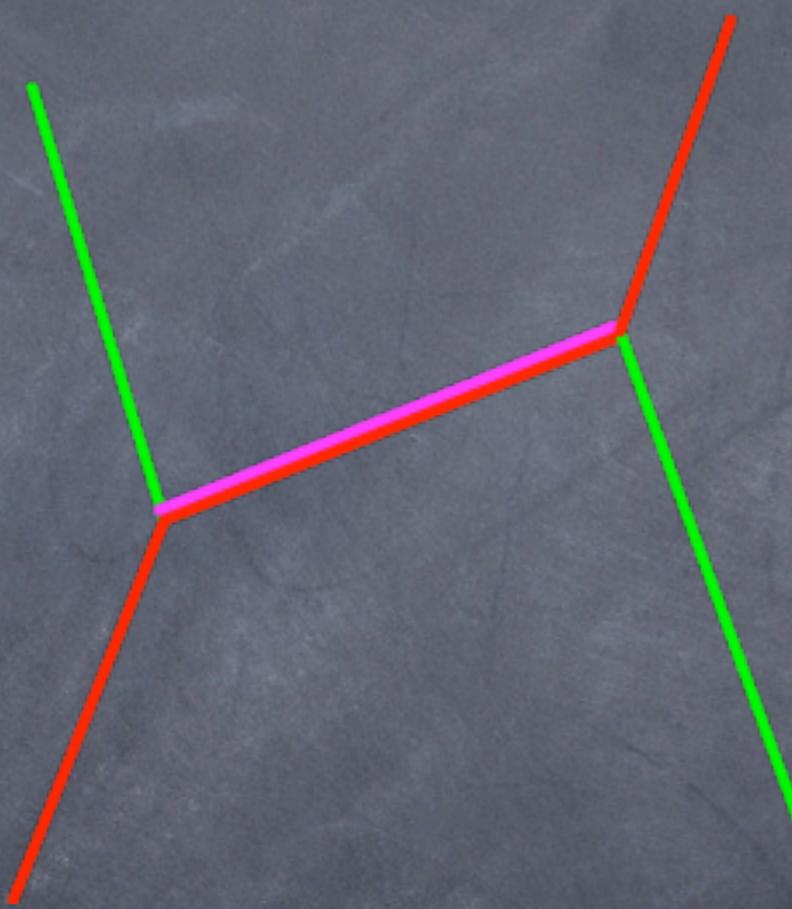
Color Gauge Symmetry



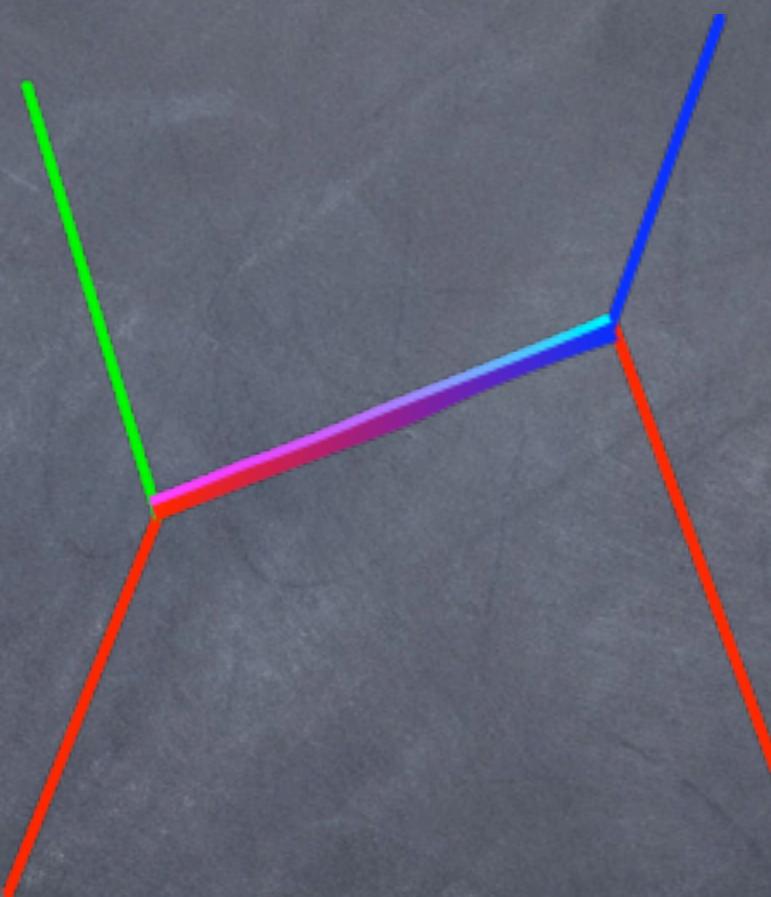
Color Gauge Symmetry



Color Exchange



Local Color Symmetry



Local Color Symmetry

